

Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of

ICICI Prudential Pension Funds Management Company Limited

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **ICICI Prudential Pension Funds Management Company Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rules issued thereunder and accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules issued thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises information included in the Board's Report including its Annexures but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of the section 143 of the Act, (hereinafter referred to as the "Order") and on the basis of such checks of the books of accounts and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure-A hereto, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. We have inquired into the matters specified under section 143(1) and based on the information and explanations given to us, there is no matter to be reported under this section.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rules issued thereunder.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial control over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure-B.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended we state that in our

opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its Directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, (as amended) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company. The question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise.
- iv. As per the management representation,
 - no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested by the company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("intermediaries"), with the understanding that the intermediary shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the company (ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries.
 - no funds have been received by the company from any person[s) or entities including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding that such company shall whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

Based on the audit procedures performed, we report that nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations given by management in the above stated sub-clauses contain any material mis-statement.

v. In terms of the requirements of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of dividend declared/paid during the year, we report that the Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year under review.

For CHATURVEDI & CO.

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 302137E)

(S.N. Chaturvedi) Partner

(Membership No.: 040479)

ICAI UDIN:

Place: Mumbai Date: April 15, 2022

Annexure-A to the Independent Auditors' Report

The annexure referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of **ICICI Prudential Pension Funds Management Company Limited** for the year ended March 31, 2022, we report that:

- 1. (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (a) (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) As per information and explanation given to us, the company did not own any immovable property during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of para 3(i)(C) do not apply.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- 2. (a) As the Company did not hold any inventory during the year, the provisions of paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order do not apply.
 - (b) The Company did not have any working capital limits from banks and/or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- 3. (a)According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties. In view of the foregoing, the provisions of paragraph 3 (iii)(a)(A) and 3(iii)(a)(B) of the Order are not applicable. (b)According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that as the Company has not made investments, provided guarantee, given security in respect of grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, the question of the terms being prejudicial to the interest of the Company does not arise.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that as the Company has not made investments, provided guarantee, given security in respect of grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, the matter of the schedule of repayment of principal and interest being stipulated and whether such payments are regular are not applicable to the Company.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that as the Company has not made investments, provided guarantee, given security in respect of grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, there is no requirement of stating any loans having become overdue for payment.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that as the Company has not made investments, provided guarantee, given security in respect of grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, the provisions of paragraph 3(iii)(e) do not apply.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that as the Company has not made investments, provided guarantee, given security in respect of grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, the matter of reporting whether such loans were repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment does not apply.
- 4. The Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of investments made and guarantee provided. The Company has not provided any loans, guarantees, and security during the year to parties covered under Section 185 and 186 of the Act. Accordingly, compliance under Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of granting of loans and providing securities is not applicable to the Company.
- 5. During the year, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder as also the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India. In view of the foregoing, the provisions of clause 3 (v) of the said Order are not applicable.
- 6. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act for the products /services of the Company.

7. In respect of statutory dues:

- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax (GST), Value added tax, Cess and other material statutory dues wherever applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no cases of nondeposit of disputed Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax (GST) with the appropriate authority.
- According to the information and explanations given by management and based on the procedures carried out by us during the course of our audit, we have not come across any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts which have been

surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

- 9. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the payment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not availed of any term loans from banks or financial institutions; accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(ix)(c), in terms of their end use for the purposes for which they were raised, are not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not used short term funds for long term purposes.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- 10. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised any by way of initial public offer/further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(a) does not apply to the Company.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations obtained by us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 in connection with the funds raised through preferential allotment/private placement of shares and the said finds have been utilised for the purposes for which they were raised. (Refer to schedule no. 3.1 on "share capital" which shows that the parent had invested Rs. 21 crores as additional share capital during the year to meet regulatory requirements).
- 11. (a) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by management, we report that no fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b)As stated in clause (a) above, since no frauds by the Company or frauds on the Company have been noticed during the year, there is no requirement to file a report in Form ADT-4 under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 nor any compliance with the provisions of Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

- (c) As represented to us by management, there are no whistle blower complaints received during the year by the Company.
- 12. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the procedures performed by us, we report that the Company is not a Nidhi Company as defined under the Nidhi Rules, 2014 and provisions of Section 406 of the Companies Act, 2013. In view of the above submission, paragraphs 3(xii)(a), 3(xii)(b) and 3 (xii) (c) of the Order do not apply to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations and records made available to us by the Company and based on the procedures performed by us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013. The details of transactions during the year have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards (Refer to Note: 3.20).
- 14. (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013. (b) In the absence of an internal audit system in the Company, the question of considering the Internal Audit Report as required by clause 3(xiv)(b) does not arise.
- 15. According to the information and explanation given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its Directors and hence the provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- 16. (a)As per the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (b)In addition to what has been stated in clause (a) above, the Company, in our opinion, has not carried out any activities of a NBFC.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) and accordingly has not been registered as a CIC under the Reserve Bank of India prescriptions.
 - (d) Since the Company is not a CIC, the requirement of providing details of or more CIC's in the group is not applicable.
 - 17. The Company has not incurred cash loss during the financial year ended 31st March, 2022; however, the Company had incurred cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
 - 18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly clause 3(xviii) is not applicable.
 - 19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial

statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the balance sheet date as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- 20. According to the information and explanation given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company was not covered by the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Accordingly, the paragraphs 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) are not applicable to the Company.
- 21. According to the information and explanation given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates requiring mandatory preparation of consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3(xxi) in respect of disclosing the qualifications/adverse matters given by the component auditors and/or the parent Company's auditors in their standalone CARO reports respectively does not apply to the Company.

For **CHATURVEDI & CO**.

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 302137E)

(S.N. Chaturvedi)
Partner

(Membership No.: 040479)

ICAI UDIN:

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 15, 2022

Annexure -B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("The Act")

To the members of ICICI Prudential Pension Funds Management Company Limited We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ICICI Prudential Pension Funds Management Company Limited ("the Company"), as of March 31, 2022, in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation, and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on auditing as specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected

depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to the future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **CHATURVEDI & CO**.

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 302137E)

(S.N. Chaturvedi)
Partner
(Membership No.: 040479)

ICAI UDIN:

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 15, 2022

ICICI PRUDENTIAL PENSION FUNDS MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AT MARCH 31, 2022

(₹ '000)

			(₹ '000)
Particulars	Note No.	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3.1	600,000	390,000
Reserves and surplus	3.2	(50,826)	(101,537)
		549,174	288,463
Non-current liabilities		-	-
Current liabilities			
Other current liabilities	3.4	28,703	23,550
Short-term provisions	3.5	11,903	8,096
Total		589,780	320,109
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible			
assets (A+B+C+D)	3.6	5,326	1,552
Property, Plant and Equipment			
Gross Block		1,485	-
Accumulated Depreciation		(11)	-
Net Block (A)		1,474	-
Intangible assets			
Gross Block		4,379	2,242
Accumulated Depreciation		(1,713)	(690)
Net Block (B)		2,666	1,552
Capital work in progress (C)		826	-
Intangible assets under development (D)		360	-
Non-current investments	3.7	508,702	261,633
Deferred tax assets (net)	3.3	8,525	(7)
Other non-current assets	3.8	18,925	10,677
		541,478	273,855
Current assets			
Current investments	3.9	17,353	23,954
Trade Receivables	3.10	9,230	1,938
Cash and bank balance	3.11	9,861	11,378
Short-term loans and advances	3.12	, - 1	30
Other current assets	3.13	11,858	8,954
		48,302	46,254
Total		589,780	320,109
Refer accompanying significant accounting policies and other	er		
explanatory information	1 and 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

For Chaturvedi & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 302137E

 S.N. Chaturvedi
 N. S. Kannan
 Amit Palta

 Partner
 Chairman
 Director

 Membership No. 040479
 DIN: 00066009
 DIN: 08761368

 Place: Mumbai
 Sumit Mohindra
 Sachin More
 Siddharth Sinkar

 Date: April 15, 2022
 Chief Executive Officer
 Chief Financial Officer
 Company Secretary

 ACS 44589

ICICI PRUDENTIAL PENSION FUNDS MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(₹ '000)

			(₹ 000)
Particulars	Note No.	April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022	April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021
Revenue from operations			
Investment management fees	3.14	84,895	5,847
PoP business income		10,244	2,831
Other income	3.15	29,684	22,290
Total income (A)		124,823	30,968
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	3.16	53,897	40,513
Other expenses & provisions	3.17	27,713	29,821
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3.6	1,034	561
Total expenses (B)		82,644	70,895
Profit/(Loss) before tax (A-B)		42,179	(39,927)
Tax expense			
Current tax	3.3	-	-
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	3.3	(8,532)	(13)
Profit/(Loss) for the period		50,711	(39,913)
Earnings/(losses) per equity share:			
Basic and diluted earnings/(losses) per equity share (₹)	3.18	1.02	(1.02)
Refer accompanying significant accounting			
policies and other explanatory information	1 and 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

For Chaturvedi & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 302137E

 S.N. Chaturvedi
 N. S. Kannan
 Amit Palta

 Partner
 Chairman
 Director

 Membership No. 040479
 DIN: 00066009
 DIN: 08761368

 Place: Mumbai
 Sumit Mohindra
 Sachin More
 Siddharth Sinkar

 Date: April 15, 2022
 Chief Executive Officer
 Chief Financial Officer
 Company Secretary

 ACS 44589

ICICI PRUDENTIAL PENSION FUNDS MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Particulars		April 1, 2020 to March
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	31, 2022	31, 2021
Management fees received	84,735	5,711
e-NPS trail commission received	724	250
Persistency charges	1	250
Amount received from subscribers	8,221,532	4,901,740
Amount transferred to NPS Trust	(8,211,353)	(4,902,992)
Expenses paid	(92,395)	(66,287)
(Payment)/Refund of income tax - net	929	(00,287)
Interest on income tax refund	69	-
Net cash from operating activities (A)	4,242	(61,578)
iver cash from operating activities (A)	4,242	(01,373)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale of investments	344,850	474,146
Purchase of investments	(587,475)	(431,559)
Maturity proceeds of fixed deposit	2,000	2,000
Placement of fixed deposit	-	(5,000)
Interest on fixed deposit	103	196
Interest on non-convertible debentures	13,815	13,802
Interest on government security	14,385	3,785
Net cash from investing activities (B)	(212,322)	57,371
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of share capital	210,000	-
Share issue expenses	(1,437)	-
Net cash from financing activities (C)	208,563	-
N	400	(4.007)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	483 9,378	(4,207)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	9,378	13,585 9,378
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	9,001	9,376
Reconciliation of cash and cash equaivalents with cash		
& bank balances		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	9,861	9,378
Other bank balances	-	2,000
Cash and bank balances at the end of the period	9,861	11,378
Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
Balance in current account	9,861	9,378

For Chaturvedi & Co. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 302137E

 S.N. Chaturvedi
 N. S. Kannan
 Amit Palta

 Partner
 Chairman
 Director

 Membership No. 040479
 DIN: 00066009
 DIN: 08761368

Place: MumbaiSumit MohindraSachin MoreSiddharth SinkarDate: April 15, 2022Chief Executive OfficerChief Financial OfficerCompany Secretary
ACS 44589

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

1 Corporate information

ICICI Prudential Pension Funds Management Company Limited ('the Company') is a wholly owned subsidiary of ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited ('the Sponsor'), incorporated on April 22, 2009 as a company under the Companies Act, 1956 ('the Act'). The Company is licensed by the Pension Funds Regulatory and Development Authority ('PFRDA') for acting as a Pension Fund Manager for the management of the pension funds under the National Pension System (NPS). The license is perpetual in nature. The Company is also registered as "Point of Presence" (PoP) with respect to NPS distribution and servicing for public at large through physical as well as online platform.

2 Statement of accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated, and on accrual and going concern basis of accounting, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, in compliance with the Accounting Standards (`AS') notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with the Rules issued thereunder. Accounting policies applied have been consistent with the previous year except where different treatment is required as per new pronouncements made by the regulatory authorities.

The management evaluates all recently issued or revised accounting pronouncements on an ongoing basis.

2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires that the Company's management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and relevant disclosure relating to contingent liabilities as on the date of the financial statements. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively.

2.3 Revenue recognition

2.3.1 Investment management fees

Investment management fee is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of contract between the Company and the National Pension System Trust, established by the PFRDA.

2.3.2 Income earned from PoP business

Income earned from PoP business includes account opening fees, contribution processing fees and persistency income.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

- i) Account opening fees are due and recognized on generation of Permanent retirement account number (PRAN).
- ii) Contribution processing fees are recognized when contribution received is transferred to NPS Trust account.
- iii) Persistency income is recognized on subscriber accounts active for more than six months based on the data shared by central recordkeeping agency on an annual basis.

2.3.3 Income earned on investments

Interest income on investments is recognized on accrual basis. Premium or discount on debt securities is amortized or accreted respectively over the holding/maturity period on basis of yield to maturity. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established.

Profit or loss on sale/redemption of debt securities is the difference between the sale consideration net of expenses and the weighted average amortized cost as on the date of sale.

Profit or loss on sale of equity shares/mutual fund units is the difference between the sale consideration net of expenses and the book cost computed on weighted average basis as on the date of sale.

2.4 Investments

Investments that are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the Balance Sheet date are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost or fair value determined on an individual security basis. Non-current investments are carried at cost, subject to amortization of premium or accretion of discount over the remaining period of maturity/holding based on Yield to Maturity (effective interest rate method). Provision for diminution in value is made to recognize other than temporary decline in the value of investments. The provision shall be written back once the fair value of the investment reaches its original book value.

2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment assets are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes the purchase price and any cost directly attributable to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Subsequent expenditure incurred on such assets is expensed out except where such expenditure increases the future benefits from the existing assets beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. Depreciation is provided using Straight-Line Method ('SLM') prorated from the date of being put to use, upto the date of sale, based on estimated useful life in compliance with the provisions of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Assets costing upto ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprising software are stated at cost less amortization. Significant expenditure on improvements to software are capitalized when it is probable that such expenditure will enable the asset to generate future economic benefits in excess of its originally assessed standards of performance and such expenditure can be measured and attributed to the asset reliably. Subsequent capital expenditures are amortized over the remaining useful life of original software. Intangible assets are amortized from date of 'put to use', upto the date of sale, based on useful life in compliance with the provisions of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Capital work-in-progress

Asset not ready for their intended use and other capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising direct cost and related incidental expenses.

Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets comprising software which are under development stage are carried at cost, comprising direct cost and related incidental expenses incurred upto the year end.

2.6 Impairment of assets

Management periodically assesses, using external and internal sources, whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset unit is made. Impairment occurs where the carrying value of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and its eventual disposal. If at the Balance Sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount, subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost.

2.7 Income taxes

Direct taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured as the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the period and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation law, deferred tax

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence of realization of such assets.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date. The Company writes down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Indirect taxes

GST liability on output services is set-off against the GST credits available from tax paid on input services. Unutilized GST credits, if any, are carried forward for future set-off, where there is reasonable certainty of utilization.

Provision is made for unutilized GST credit where the utilization is uncertain. Provision is written back to the extent of actual utilization of GST credit balance.

2.8 Provisions and contingencies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires that the Company's management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and relevant disclosure relating to contingent liabilities as on the date of the financial statements. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively.

2.9 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.10 Cash flow statement

Cash flow statement is reported using the "Direct method" prescribed under Accounting Standard 3 – Cash Flow Statements which requires major classes of gross receipts and gross cash payments to be disclosed.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.12 Segmental Reporting

Identification of Segments

As per Accounting Standard (AS) 17 on "Segment Reporting", the company has two business segments - 'Pension fund management business' and 'Point of Presence business'.

Since both the businesses operate in India only, there are no geographical segments.

Allocation/ Apportionment methodology

The allocation and apportionment of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities to specific segments is done in the following manner, which is applied on a consistent basis.

- Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities that are directly identifiable to the segment are allocated on actual basis;
- Other revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities that are not directly identifiable to a segment are apportioned based on the basis of revenue generated;
- General administrative expenses, head-office expenses, and other expenses that arise at the enterprise level and relate to enterprise as a whole are kept unallocated.

3 Notes to accounts

3.1 Share capital

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of outstanding share capital.

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Authorised:		
75,000,000 (At March 31, 2021: 60,000,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	750,000	600,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:		
60,000,000 (At March 31, 2021: 39,000,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (All the above equity shares of ₹ 10 each are held by the holding company, ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited and it's nominees)	600,000	390,000
Total	600,000	390,000

The company has only one class of share having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. The entire share capital is held by ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited along with its nominees, and the ultimate holding Company is ICICI Bank Limited.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Shareholder holding more than 5% shares of the company is ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited and its nominees; it holds 60,000,000 equity shares along with its nominees.

Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. A reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period is as follows:

Equity shares	Year o March 3	ended 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021		
Equity shares	Number of shares			Amount in (₹ '000)	
At the beginning of the period	39,000,000	390,000	39,000,000	390,000	
Issued during the period	21,000,000	210,000	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the period	60,000,000	600,000	39,000,000	390,000	

Shareholding of promoters

Sha	res held by promoters	% Change during the year		
Sr. No	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
1	ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited (includes shares held by six nominees of the Promoter company)	60,000,000	100%	-
Tota	al	60,000,000	100%	-

Sha	res held by promoters	% Change during the year		
Sr. No	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
1	ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited (includes shares held by six nominees of the Promoter company)	39,000,000	100%	-
Tota	al	39,000,000	100%	-

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.2 Reserves and surplus

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the details of reserves and surplus.

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021	
Profit & Loss account			
Opening balance	(101,537)	(61,624)	
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the period	50,711	(39,913)	
Closing balance	(50,826)	(101,537)	

3.3 Direct Taxes

The current tax provision is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961. The provision for current tax for year ended March 31, 2022 is determined as per provisions of Section 115 BAA of Income Tax Act, 1961 is ₹ Nil (Previous period: Nil).

Deferred tax liability is recognized on timing differences arising between taxable and accounting income using the tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted as on the Balance Sheet date. The deferred tax asset is to be recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that the asset will be realized in future. The deferred tax position and the movement for the period ended March 31, 2022 is summarized below:

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At April 1, 2021	(Charge)/ Credit for the period	At March 31, 2022
Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset			
Difference in amortisation/depreciation on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets as per tax books and accounting books	(7)	(106)	(113)
Difference on account of carry forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation	-	8,638	8,638
Total	(7)	8,532	8,525

Hitherto, in the absence of virtual certainty of future profits, Deferred Tax Assets have not been recognized in the books. Due to the revision in structure of investment management fees & pick up in the POP business, the management is of the considered opinion that there is a virtual certainty of continued profits in the future; hence it has been decided to recognise the Deferred Tax Asset. Consequently, Deferred tax Asset (net) recognised for the year ended March 31, 2022 is ₹ 8,532 thousands.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.4 Other current liabilities

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of other current liabilities.

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Other payables		
- Payable to holding company	17,437	12,152
- Payable to NPS Trust (Contribution)	8,015	8,735
- Tax deducted at source payable	3,239	1,604
- Payable to others for expenses	12	1,059
Total	28,703	23,550

3.5 Short term provisions

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of short term provisions

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Provision for other expenses	11,903	8,096
Total	11,903	8,096

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.6 Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets.

		block	Depreciation and amortisation Net block			olock				
Particulars	Balance at April 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance at March 31, 2022	Balance at April 1, 2021	For the period	On Sale/ Adjustment	Balance at March 31, 2022	Balance at March 31, 2022	Balance at March 31, 2021
Property, Plant and Equipment										
Office equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laptop	-	1,485	-	1,485	-	11	-	11	1,474	-
Total- Property, Plant and Equipment	-	1,485	-	1,485	-	11	-	11	1,474	-
Intangible assets										
Software*^	2,242	2,137	-	4,379	690	1,023	-	1,713	2,666	1,552
Total - Intangible assets	2,242	2,137	-	4,379	690	1,023	-	1,713	2,666	1,552
Capital work in progress	-	826	-	826	-	-	-	-	826	-
Intangible assets under Development ^	-	360	-	360	-	-	-	-	360	-
Total	2,242	4,808	-	7,050	690	1,034	-	1,724	5,326	1,552
At March 31, 2021	5,838	1,416	5,012	2,242	5,142	560	5,012	690		

^{*} Includes website development cost

[^] All software are other than those generated internally

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

CWIP ageing schedule at March 31, 2022

(₹ '000)

Particulars	Less than a year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	826	-	-	-	826
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

CWIP at March 31, 2021 - Nil

Intangible assets under development ageing schedule at March 31, 2022

(₹ ′000)

	Amount in Intangible assets under development for a period of					
Particulars	Less than a year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Projects in progress	360	i	-	-	360	
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	1	-	

Intangible Assets under development at March 31, 2021 - Nil

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.7 Non-current investments

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of non-current investments.

		(₹ '000)
Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Investments in government securities quoted		
instruments		
 7.57% Government security (Maturity: June 17, 2033) (At March 31, 2022: 1,000,000 units of face value ₹ 100 each) (At March 31, 2021: 1,000,000 units of face value ₹ 100 each) 	110,258	110,879
- 6.99% Kerala SDL 2036 (Maturity: September 29, 2036) (At March 31, 2022: 1,000,000 units of face value ₹ 100 each) (At March 31, 2021: Nil)	101,005	-
- 6.64% GS 2035 (Maturity: June 16, 2035) (At March 31, 2022: 1,000,000 units of face value ₹ 100 each) (At March 31, 2021: Nil)	98,425	-
 6.67% GS 2035 (Maturity: December 15, 2035) (At March 31, 2022: 500,000 units of face value ₹ 100 each) (At March 31, 2021: Nil) 	48,337	-
Investments in debentures/bonds quoted instruments		
- 9.05% Reliance Industries Limited (Maturity: October 17, 2028) (At March 31, 2022: 50 units of face value ₹ 1,000,000 each) (At March 31, 2021: 50 units of face value ₹ 1,000,000 each)	50,685	50,768
 9.39% LIC Housing Finance Limited (Maturity: August 23, 2024) (At March 31, 2022: 50 units of face value ₹ 1,000,000 each) (At March 31, 2021: 50 units of face value ₹ 1,000,000 each) 	50,000	50,000
 9.19% LIC Housing Finance Limited (Maturity: September 06, 2023) (At March 31, 2022: 50 units of face value ₹ 1,000,000 each) (At March 31, 2021: 50 units of face value ₹ 1,000,000 each) 	49,992	49,985
Total	508,702	261,633
Aggregate amount of investments in government securities, debentures/ bonds at market value.	506,386	273,322

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.8 Other non-current assets

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of other non-current assets

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
GST unutilised credit	26,113	32,275
Less: Provision for GST unutilised credit	(26,113)	(32,275)
Bank deposit with residual maturity of more than 12 months	8,000	8,000
Advance income tax	9,861	2,136
Accrued interest on bank deposit with residual maturity of more than 12 months	1,064	541
Total	18,925	10,677

3.9 Current investments

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of current investments. (₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Investments in mutual funds - quoted (at lower of cost or market value):		
- IDFC Cash Fund – Growth		
(At March 31, 2022: 6750 units and 627	47.050	20.054
fractions) At March 31, 2021: 9636 units and 895	17,353	23,954
fractions) Total	17,353	23,954
Aggregate amount of mutual fund investments	-	
at market value	17,355	23,957

3.10 Trade receivables

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of trade receivables.

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Trade receivables outstanding for a period less		
than six months from the date they are due for		
payment		
- Unsecured considered good		
 Investment management fees receivable 	8,888	1,938
 POP income fees receivable 	342	-
Sub-total	9,230	1,938
Trade receivables outstanding for a period		
exceeding six months from the date they are		
due for payment		
- Unsecured considered good	-	-
- Unsecured considered doubtful	-	-

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021	
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	-	-	
Sub-total	-	-	
Total	9,230	1,938	

Trade receivables ageing schedule at March 31, 2022

(₹ '000)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				_	
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade	0.000					0.000
receivables – considered good	9,230	-	-	-	-	9,230
Undisputed trade						
receivables – considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade						
receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables –	-	-	-	_	-	-
considered doubtful						

Trade receivables ageing schedule at March 31, 2021

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				,	
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade						
receivables –	1,938	-	-	-	-	1,938
considered good						
Undisputed trade						
receivables –	-	-	-	-	-	-
considered doubtful						
Disputed trade						
receivables –	-	-	-	-	-	-
considered good						
Disputed trade						
receivables –	-	-	-	-	-	-
considered doubtful						

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.11 Cash and bank balances

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of cash and bank balances

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
- Balance in current account	9,861	9,378
Other bank balances		
- Term deposit with original maturity of more	8,000	10,000
than 3 months		
Sub-total	17,861	19,378
Amount disclosed under other non-current	(0.000)	(0.000)
assets*	(8,000)	(8,000)
Total	9,861	11,378

^{*} Term deposits with residual maturity of more than 12 months have been disclosed under non-current assets

3.12 Short-term loans and advances

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of short-term loans and advances.

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021	
Others (Unsecured, considered good)			
Prepaid expenses	-	30	
Total	-	30	

3.13 Other current assets

The following table sets forth, for the dates indicated, the details of other current assets. (₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Interest accrued on fixed deposit	1,064	595
Less: Amount disclosed under other non-current assets	(1,064)	(541)
Net interest accrued on fixed deposit	-	55
Interest accrued on debenture/bonds	6,713	6,713
Interest accrued on government securities	5,145	2,187
Total	11,858	8,954

3.14 Investment management fees

The Investment Management Fees is charged on closing balance of funds under management (AUM) on daily basis for all the schemes. In terms of the grant of fresh registration certificate dated March 30, 2021 by the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority, the Company with effect from April 01, 2021, has started

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

charging investment management fee as per below approved slab structure on the basis of total assets under management in place of 0.01% charged earlier.

Slabs of AUM	Maximum Investment Management Fee
Upto 100 billion	0.09%
100 – 500 billion	0.06%
500 – 1500 billion	0.05%
Above 1500 billion	0.03%

The AUM at March 31, 2022 was ₹ 116.14 billion.

3.15 Other income

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the details of other income.

(₹ '000)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Interest on government securities	14,925	5,404
Interest on non-convertible debentures	13,815	13,796
Net gain/(loss) on sale of investments	946	3,001
Interest on fixed deposits	614	565
Interest on income tax refund*	69	-
Accretion of discount/(amortisation of premium)		
(Net)	(685)	(476)
Total	29,684	22,290

^{*}Interest on Income Tax Refund received for A.Y. 2020-21 and A.Y 2021-22

3.16 Employee benefit expenses and cost sharing arrangement

Employee benefit expenses

The employees are on deputation from the Sponsor and their remuneration is borne by the Company as per the terms of employment with the Sponsor. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the details of other expenses.

(₹ '000)

Particulars,	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Employee benefit expenses	52,708	39,379
Staff welfare expenses	1,189	1,134
Total	53,897	40,513

Cost sharing arrangement

Given the size of its operations, the Company has entered into an arrangement with the Sponsor for sharing employees and infrastructure while maintaining adequate firewalls between the two entities. Under this arrangement, all the appropriate costs attributable to the Company like employee remuneration, rent, utilities, depreciation on

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

computers/hardware and other technology and software related expenses are transfer priced by the Sponsor to the Company. All such costs are charged to the Company on arm's length basis as per the Memorandum of Understanding and Transfer Pricing Policy with the Sponsor. The expenses cross charged to the Company under such agreement have been shown as transactions with related parties under note 3.18.

3.17 Other expenses

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the details of other expenses.

(₹ '000)

	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31,	March 31,
	2022	2021
PFRDA license fees	13,544	4,676
Information technology expenses	8,281	4,042
Rent and utilities charges	3,610	2,634
Legal and professional fees	2,858	2,805
Business/Promotion expenses	2,031	647
ROC fees	1,437	-
Travelling and conveyance expenses	682	10
Communication expenses	277	205
Brokerage expenses	275	7,937
Miscellaneous charges	219	27
Payments to the auditor as:		
- auditor	175	174
- for reimbursement of expenses	4	4
Commission to referral partners	167	-
Profession tax	3	3
Stamp duty	-	8
Bank Guarantee Commission	-	150
Provision for unutilised GST credit	(5,850)	6,499
Total	27,713	29,821

3.18 Earnings per equity share

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2022
Net profit/(loss) after tax as per statement of profit and loss available for equity shareholders for both basic and diluted earnings per equity share of ₹ 10 each (in ₹)	50,711	(39,913)
Weighted average number of equity shares for		
earnings per equity share		
(a) For basic earnings per equity share	49,701,370	39,000,000
(b) For diluted earnings per equity share	49,701,370	39,000,000
Earnings per equity share		
Basic and Diluted (in ₹)	1.02	(1.02)

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.19 Segment reporting

Segment wise information of various items as required under AS 17 "Segmental reporting" are given below:

(₹ '000)

	Year ended March 31, 2022			
Particulars	Pension Fund Management	Point of Presence	Unallocated corporate overheads	Total
Segment revenue	84,895	10,244	29,684	124,823
Segment result	54,337	(16,078)	12,452	50,711
Segment assets	18,805	11,978	558,997	589,780
Segment liabilities	7,306	17,420	15,880	40,606
Depreciation/	155	869	11	1,034
Amortisation				
Significant non-		_	_	
cash expenses	-	-	_	-

(₹ '000)

	Year ended March 31, 2021			
Particulars	Pension Fund Management	Point of Presence	Unallocated corporate overheads	Total
Segment revenue	5,847	2,831	22,290	30,968
Segment result	(19,679)	(13,893)	(6,341)	(39,913)
Segment assets	1,968	10,290	307,851	320,109
Segment liabilities	5,341	15,543	10,762	31,646
Depreciation/ Amortisation	-	561	-	561
Significant non- cash expenses	-	-	-	-

3.20 Details of related parties and transactions with related parties

a) Related parties and nature of relationship:

Nature of relationship	Name of the related party
Ultimate holding company	ICICI Bank Limited
Holding company (Sponsor)	ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited
Fellow subsidiaries of	ICICI Securities Limited
holding company and	ICICI Securities Inc.
entities jointly controlled	ICICI Securities Holding Inc.
by ultimate holding	ICICI Securities Primary Dealership Limited
company	ICICI Venture Funds Management Company Limited
	ICICI Home Finance Company Limited
	ICICI Trusteeship Services Limited
	ICICI Investment Management Company Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Nature of relationship	Name of the related party		
•	ICICI International Limited ICICI Bank UK PLC. ICICI Bank Canada ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited (Ceased to be fellow subsidiary w.e.f. September 8, 2021) ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited ICICI Prudential Trust Limited ICICI Foundation for Inclusive Growth		
Consolidated under AS-21 by ultimate holding company	ICICI Strategic Investments Fund		
Key management personnel	Sumit Mohindra, Chief Executive Officer		
Relatives of key	Spouse	Lakshmi Ghosh	
management personnel	Parent	Manju Lata Mohindra	

b) The following represents transactions between the Company and its related parties.

(₹ '000)

ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited			
Nature of transaction	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021	
Employee benefits expenses*	50,917	34,252	
Information technology expense	6,908	2,978	
Rent, utilities and taxes	3,561	2,611	
Travelling & conveyance	613	153	
Communication expense	275	195	
Legal and professional charges	124	143	
Miscellaneous charges	2	6	
Total	62,399	40,338	

^{*}Includes remuneration of the key management personnel reimbursed to the sponsor and staff welfare expenses

c) Payables with respect to related parties are as follows:

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited	17,437	12,152
Total	17,437	12,152

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

d) Cash and bank balance with related parties are as follows:

(₹ '000)

Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
ICICI Bank Limited	1,039	4,575
Total	1,039	4,575

3.21 Contingent liabilities

(₹ '000)

		(, 555)
Particulars	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Bank guarantee given on behalf of Company Issued in favour of PFRDA	-	8,000

At March 31, 2021 the Company had deposited with PFRDA unconditional and irrevocable performance bank guarantees (PBGs) for the due performance and fulfillment of the terms and conditions of the earlier letter of appointment under the RFP (Request for proposal) dated July 23, 2014 and the Investment Management Agreement (IMA) thereto. In the event of the Sponsor or the Company being unable to service the IMA or terms for whatever reason, PFRDA had the right to invoke the PBG submitted by the Company. This requirement was discontinued under the letter of appointment under the new RFP dated March 30, 2021 and IMA thereto. All the bank guarantees issued in the past are closed as at March 31, 2022.

3.22 Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on plant, property, equipment and intangible assets to the extent not provided for (net of advance) is ₹ 916 thousand (March 31, 2021: Nil).

There are no loan commitments made by the Company (March 31, 2021 Nil).

3.23 Encumbrances of assets

The assets of the Company are free from all encumbrances at March 31, 2022, except for fixed deposit of ₹ 2,000 thousands (at March 31, 2021: ₹ 10,000 thousands). Details are as follows:

Details of Encumbrances	Deposits with	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
Security towards guarantee issued by the banks on behalf of the Company in favour	*Union Bank	1	4,000
of PFRDA (Refer Note 3.21 Contingent Liability – All bank guarantees closed during September 2021)	Axis Bank	1	4,000
Security deposit as per requirements of PFRDA (PoP) Regulations, 2018 after obtaining PoP registration certificate	Axis Bank	2,000	2,000
Total		2,000	10,000

^{*}Originally with Corporation Bank

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.24 Key ratios

Sr. No.	Particulars	Formulae	At March 31, 2022	At March 31, 2021
1.	Current Ratio	<u>Current Assets</u> Current Liabilities	1.19	1.46
2.	Debt-equity Ratio	Not applicable as the Company has no outstanding debt as March 31, 2022/March 31, 2021		
3.	Debt service Coverage Ratio	Not applicable as the Company has no outstanding debt as March 31, 2022/March 31, 2021		
4.	Return on equity ratio	Profit/(Loss) for the period*100 Average Shareholders' funds	12.1	(12.9)
5.	Inventory turnover ratio	Not applicable as the Company has no inventory		
6.	Trade receivables ratio	Revenue from Operations Average Trade receivables	17.0	5.5
7.	Trade payable turnover ratio	Not applicable as the Company has no trade payables		
8.	Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from Operations Average Shareholders' funds	0.2	0.0
9.	Net profit ratio	Profit/(Loss) for the period Average Shareholders' funds	0.5	(4.6)
10.	Return on capital employed	Operating Profit/(Loss) for the period *100 Average Shareholders' funds	10.1	(12.9)
11.	Return on investment	Interest income + Realised Gain/Loss on sale of investments*100 Net carrying value of investments	5.5	7.6

The deviation in ratios is majorly due to increase in revenue from:

3.25 The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Based on current information available with the Company, there are no outstanding dues exceeding 45 days from date of invoice to suppliers who are registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006.

3.26 Other disclosures as required by the amendments made in Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013

- The Company does not have any short term/long term borrowings from Banks/FI or any other lender.
- The Company does not have any trade payables as at 31st March 2022/2021.
- The Company did not own any immovable property during the year.
- No loans/advances were given to promoters, directors, KMPs & other related parties that were payable on demand or without specifying any terms & conditions.

¹⁾ Revision of investment management fees from 0.01% to 0.09% in accordance with the slab structure of assets under management (Refer Note 3.14).

²⁾ Increase in PoP income due to expansion of PoP business.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

- The Company did not hold any benami property during the year.
- The Company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- The Company did not have any transactions with struck off companies during the year under Section 248 or 560 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Neither any charges were created on the assets of the company during the year with the Registrar of companies nor was satisfaction of any charge pending beyond the stipulated period.
- The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to CSR obligations were not applicable to the Company during the year.
- The Company did not deal in any manner whatsoever with crypto currency/virtual currency during the year.
- The Company has not advanced/loaned/invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- The Company has not received funds from any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

3.27 Impact of COVID-19

During the year, lockdown restrictions were eased and economic activity resumed across the country. The learnings from the lockdown imposed in the country due to COVID-19 and the digital preparedness has helped the Company manage challenges posed by the environment effectively. The Company had activated the Business Continuity Plan (BCP) to enable employees to work from home (WFH). The facility to WFH was provided to the employees of the Company only through Company systems, which are hardened and are configured with requisite data security controls. The usual operations of the Company are carried out through remote location/ WFH via secured servers. Further, there has been no change in the controls or processes followed in the financial statement closing process of the Company.

In assessing the recoverability of receivables and investments, the Company did not find any material deviation as on the date of the approval of these financial statements. Further, there was no impact on the going concern assumption as well as on the minimum tangible net worth as stipulated by PFRDA and going forward it expects the net worth to remain above the minimum statutory limit. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes in future economic conditions as the situation evolves.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.28 Previous period comparatives

Previous period amounts have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current period's presentation.

For Chaturvedi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 302137E

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.N. Chaturvedi

Partner

Membership No. 040479

N. S. Kannan

Chairman

DIN: 00066009

Amit Palta

Director

DIN: 08761368

Sumit Mohindra

Chief Executive Officer

Sachin More

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 15, 2022

Siddharth Sinkar

Company Secretary

ACS 44589