PART A Welcome Letter

Dear < Customer Name >,

This is your Non-linked, Non-participating group term insurance policy. It is a legal document. Please read it carefully. We have highlighted some important points regarding your policy that you should keep in mind:

1. YOUR POLICY DETAILS

Name of your Plan : ICICI Pru <<>>
Policy Number : < Policy Number>

Nature of Group :

Email ID : <Email ID>
Premium Deposit received (in Rs.) : <Amount>

In case of any discrepancies in the above details please inform us immediately.

About Your Advisor/Broker

Name : <Advisor/Broker Name>
Code / License Number : <Advisor/Broker Code>
Contact Number : <Advisor/Broker Contact>
Address : <Advisor/Broker Address>

You may contact your advisor for any queries you have or any clarifications that you require in relation to the policy terms and conditions or any policy servicing requirements.

2. YOUR FREE LOOK PERIOD

You / the Member have an option to review the Policy following receipt of the Policy Document / Certificate of Insurance respectively. If you are not satisfied with the terms and conditions of this Policy, please return the Policy Document / Certificate of Insurance to Us with reason for cancellation within

- i. 15 days from the date you received it, if your policy is purchased through solicitation in person.
- ii. 30 days from the date of receipt of Certificate of Insurance, in case member is enrolled through electronic mode or voice mode, which includes telephone-calling, Short Messaging Service (SMS), Physical mode which includes direct postal mail and newspaper & magazine inserts and solicitation through any means of communication other than in person

Policies will not be issued electronically to the Master Policyholder.

On cancellation of the Policy / Member cover during the free look period, We will return the premium paid subject to the following deductions:

- i. Stamp duty charges
- ii. Expenses incurred by the Company on medical examination, if any
- iii. Proportionate risk premium for the period of cover

The Policy / Member's cover shall terminate on payment of this amount and all rights, benefits and interests will stand extinguished.

3. MAKING A CLAIM

In case of any claim or queries or clarifications required, please feel free to contact us at grouplife@iciciprulife.com. We will be happy to assist you.

Warm regards,
<Authorised Signatory >
<Designation>
Visit us at: www.iciciprulife.com
Email us at: grouplife@iciciprulife.com
Write to us at:

ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Co. Ltd. Ground Floor & Upper Basement, Unit No. 1A & 2A, Raheja Tipco Plaza, Rani Sati Marg, Malad (East), Mumbai- 400097 Maharashtra.

Customer Service Helpline: 1860 266 7766

ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Co. Ltd. Registered Address: ICICI Pru Life Towers, 1089, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai-400025.

Reg No:105. Unique Identification Number as specified by IRDAI 105N180V01

ICICI Pru Super Protect - Life UIN: 105N180V01 (This is a Non Linked, Non-Participating Group Term Insurance Product)

Policy Preamble

This Policy is the evidence of a contract between ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited (Us/ We/ Company) and the Master Policyholder (You) referred to below.

This Policy has been issued pursuant to the proposal made to the Company by the Master Policy Holder along with the required documents, declarations, statements and other information received by the Company from or on behalf of the Members, constituting evidence of the insurability of the Members. The Master Policyholder and the Company have agreed that the documents and the information referred above and the quotation of the Company for the Scheme shall form the basis of this contract. The quotation provided by the Company is based on the Rules of the Scheme of the Master Policyholder and has been accepted by the Master Policyholder.

We agree to provide the benefits set out in this Policy subject to its terms and conditions.

Policy Schedule

Policy Number	
Name of the Master Policyholder	
Address of the Master Policyholder	
Policy Commencement Date	
Premium Received (as on date of	
commencement)	
Total Sum Assured (as on the date of	
commencement)	

Goods and Services Tax, as applicable, will be charged extra.

Other Details as chosen by the Master Policyholder

Benefits / Features	Details
Premium payment options (Single Pay / Regular Pay)	
Premium Payment Mode(s) chosen	
Benefits chosen (in addition to Death Benefit)	
Payout option	
Category / Loan Name (if applicable)	

Policy Schedule, terms and conditions of the Policy and the endorsements by Us, if any, shall form an integral part of this contract and shall be binding on Us and You. The Policy shall stand cancelled by the Company, without any further notice, in the event of dishonour of the first premium deposit.

any Limited, at Head
Version
y order, vide receipt
ct details.

Please examine the policy and approach Us immediately in case of any discrepancies.

PART B Definitions

- 1. **Beneficiary** means the insured Member or the person nominated by the Member as the recipient of the Benefits under the Rules of the Scheme.
- 2. **Certificate of Insurance** means the certificate issued by the Company to Member to confirm the Member's insurance cover under the Master Policy.
- 3. **Coverage Term** means the period for which insurance cover is provided to the individual Member under the Master Policy.
- 4. Date of Commencement of Cover means the date of commencement of Cover for the individual Members under the Master Policy: (i) at the time of issuance of the Master Policy, it will be the date of acceptance of risk subject to receipt of Member data and premium towards these Members. (ii) for new Members joining during the term of the Master Policy, it will be the date of acceptance of risk subject to receipt of Member data and premium towards these Members.
 - Member Data means the necessary details of the Members required to provide risk Cover
- 5. **Financial Year** is the period from 1st April of a calendar year to 31st of March of the subsequent calendar year.
- 6. **Group** means a group of Members accepted by the Company as constituting a Group for the purposes of the Master Policy.
- 7. **Hospital:** A hospital means any institution established for in-patient care and day care treatment of illness and/or injuries and which has been registered as a hospital with the local authorities under Clinical Establishments (Registration and Regulation) Act 2010 or under enactments specified under the Schedule of Section 56(1) and the said act Or complies with all minimum criteria as under:
 - has qualified nursing staff under its employment round the clock;
 - has at least 10 in-patient beds in towns having a population of less than 10,00,000 and at least 15 in-patient beds in all other places;
 - has qualified medical practitioner(s) in charge round the clock;
 - has a fully equipped operation theatre of its own where surgical procedures are carried out;
 - maintains daily records of patients and makes these accessible to the insurance company's authorized personnel;

8. Hospitalisation

Hospitalisation means admission in a Hospital for a minimum period of 24 consecutive 'In-patient Care' hours except for specified procedures/ treatments, where such admission could be for a period of less than 24 consecutive hours.

- 9. Master Policy shall mean this document, any supplementary contracts or endorsements therein, whenever executed, any amendments thereto agreed to and signed by Us, the application form provided by You, the Schemes Rules, the quotation of the Company for the Scheme and the individual enrolment forms, if any, of the insured Members, which together constitute the entire contract between the parties.
- 10. **Medical Practitioner:** A Medical Practitioner is a person who holds a valid registration from the Medical Council of any State or Medical Council of India or Council for Indian Medicine or for Homeopathy set up by the Government of India or a State Government and is thereby entitled to practice medicine within its jurisdiction; and is acting within the scope and jurisdiction of license. The Medical Practitioner should neither be the insured person(s) himself nor related to the insured person(s) by blood or marriage.

- 11. **Medically Necessary:** Medically necessary treatment means any treatment, tests, medication, or stay in hospital or part of a stay in hospital which:
 - a. is required for the medical management of the illness or injury suffered by the insured;
 - b. must not exceed the level of care necessary to provide safe, adequate and appropriate medical care in scope, duration, or intensity;
 - c. must have been prescribed by a medical practitioner;
 - d. must conform to the professional standards widely accepted in international medical practice or by the medical community in India.
- 12. **Member** is someone who is covered under the Scheme as per the Rules of the Scheme and is therefore eligible for the benefits under this Policy.
- 13. **Member Joining Date** means the date on which a Member joins the Scheme and is covered under the Master Policy.
- 14. Other Entities shall mean to include the entities other than Regulated Entities.
- 15. **Policy Commencement Date** means the date as specified in the Policy Schedule, on which the insurance coverage under this Policy commences.
- 16. **Policy Schedule** means the policy schedule and any endorsements attached to and forming part of this Policy.
- 17. Policy Year is a period of 12 months starting from the Policy Commencement Date.
- 18. **Proposal Form** means the form filled in and completed by You for the purpose of obtaining insurance coverage under this Master Policy.
- 19. **Regular Pay** means premiums need to be paid regularly throughout the coverage term.
- 20. Regulated Entity shall mean to include the following:
 - 1. Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") Regulated Scheduled Commercial Banks (including Co-operative Banks).
 - 2. NBFCs having Certificate of Registration from RBI.
 - 3. National Housing Bank ("NHB") Regulated Housing Finance Companies.
 - 4. National Minority Development Finance Corporation (NMDFC) and its State Channelizing Agencies.
 - 5. Small Finance Banks regulated by RBI
 - 6. Mutually Aided Cooperative Societies formed and registered under the applicable State Act concerning such Societies.
 - 7. Microfinance companies registered under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - 8. Any other category as approved by the Authority.
- 21. **Regulator** is the Authority that has Regulatory jurisdiction and powers over the Company. Currently the regulator is Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDAI).
- 22. Revival of the Member means restoration of Member benefits.
- 23. **Revival Period** means the period of 5 years from the due date of the Member's/ Master Policy Holder's first unpaid premium, during which period the Master Policy Holder or the Member is entitled to revive coverage.
- 24. Rules or Scheme Rules or Rules of the Scheme mean the rules and conditions governing the grant of benefits to the Members which are framed by the Master Policyholder and accepted by the Company. These rules also cover all the Legal and Statutory obligations that the Master Policy Holder undertakes to fulfil towards the Members and the Company.
- 25. Single Pay means premium needs to be paid once at the start of the Member cover.
- 26. **Sum Assured** means the amount specified in the Policy Schedule / Member annexure / Certificate of Insurance.

- 27. **Surgery or Surgical Procedure** means manual and/or operative procedure(s) required for treatment of an illness or injury, correction of deformities and defects, diagnosis and cure of diseases, relief from suffering and prolongation of life, performed in a hospital or day care center by a medical practitioner.
- 28. **Terminal Age** means the age as stipulated by the Master Policyholder under Rules of Scheme, on which the Membership ceases.
- 29. **Terminal Date** means the date when a Member attains the maximum risk cover ceasing age or the date on which he ceases to be a Member of the Scheme whichever is earlier.
- 30. We or Us or Our or Company means ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited.
- 31. You or Your means the Master Policyholder named in the Policy Schedule.

Following definitions are applicable to only Employer-Employee policies:

- 1. **Employee** means a person who is/ was in the employment of the Employer, and shall include a person who is on probation for a permanent post
- 2. **Employer** means the Company, firm or body corporate which is mentioned on the Policy Schedule or a Company, firm or body corporates which may in future manage or control the named Employer.

PART C

1. Benefits payable under Your policy

- a) The benefits as chosen by You in the Proposal Form are as mentioned in Policy Schedule of this Policy.
- b) Along with Death Benefit, other benefits can be chosen by the Member, only at the inception of the cover, provided that they have been opted for by the Master Policyholder.
- c) Benefits payable will depend on the Coverage option chosen and will be set out in the Certificate of Insurance.
- d) Benefits are payable only if the cover with respect to the Member is in-force and if the occurrence of an event giving rise to the claim takes place within the Member's Benefit Coverage Term.
- e) Cover may be extended to Member's Spouse subject to insurable interest and underwriting. Additional premium for the spouse's cover will be payable by the Master Policyholder / Member.
- f) Such Benefits would be treated as per the prevailing tax laws.
- g) The Payout options as chosen by You in the Proposal Form are mentioned in Policy Schedule of this Policy.
- h) Payout options can be chosen by the Member provided they have been opted for by the Master Policyholder.
- i) Payout option chosen by the Member will be set out in the Certificate of Insurance.
- j) The Payout option once chosen, cannot be changed during the Coverage Term.

I. Death Benefit

- a) Death Benefit is equal to the base Death Sum Assured chosen by the member at cover inception
- b) Death Benefit will be payable on death of the Member as per the Payout Option chosen by the You/ Member during the Coverage Term.
- c) Upon payment of Death Benefit, the Member's cover will terminate and all rights, benefits and interests of the Member under the member's cover will stand extinguished.
- II. Accelerated Terminal Illness (TI) Benefit (applicable only if opted for by the Master Policyholder)
 - a) This benefit will be payable on diagnosis of Terminal Illness of the Member during the Coverage Term.
 - b) TI Benefit is always equal to the base Death Sum Assured. This is an accelerated benefit and not an additional benefit, which means payment through this benefit will not be in addition to the Death Benefit.
 - c) Terminal Illness conditions and exclusions are applicable (refer to Part D for details).
 - d) TI Benefit will be payable as per the Payout Option chosen.
 - e) In case the member has chosen both TI and Additional CI benefits, and condition leading to TI is the one covered under CI, the member shall get both the benefits.

- f) For Single Pay option, only one benefit out of ATPD Benefit, TI Benefit and ACI Benefit can be chosen.
- g) On payment of such benefits, the Member's cover will terminate and all rights, benefits and interests of the Member under the member's cover will stand extinguished.
- III. Accidental Death (AD) Benefit (applicable only if opted for by the Master Policyholder)
 - a) In the event of the Member's death due to an accident, where both accident and death occur during the AD Benefit Coverage Term, the AD Benefit will be payable. This is an additional benefit and will be paid in addition to the Death Benefit.
 - b) AD Benefit can be less than or equal to the base Death Sum Assured.
 - c) AD Benefit conditions and exclusions are applicable (refer to Part D for details).
 - d) AD Benefit will be payable as per the Payout Option chosen.
 - e) On payment of such benefits, the Member's cover will terminate and all rights, benefits and interests of the Member under the member's cover will stand extinguished.
- IV. Accelerated Accidental Total and Permanent Disability (ATPD) Benefit (applicable only if opted for by the Master Policyholder)
 - a) In the event of the Member being regarded as Totally and Permanently Disabled due to an accident during the ATPD Benefit coverage term, the ATPD Benefit will be payable.
 - b) ATPD Benefit conditions and exclusions are applicable (refer to Part D for details).
 - c) ATPD Benefit can be less than or equal to the base Death Sum Assured. This is an accelerated benefit and not an additional benefit, which means payment through this benefit will not be in addition to the Death Benefit. On payment of this benefit, member's Death Benefit, TI Benefit (if chosen) will be reduced by the extent of the payment made. ACI Benefit if chosen and is more than the reduced Death Benefit, ACI Benefit will decrease to the amount of reduced Death Benefit, else will remain unchanged. In case of Regular Pay option, the future premiums for the Death Benefit, TI Benefit and ACI Benefit will reduce proportionately.
 - d) Upon payment of this benefit, the Member's ATPD Benefit will terminate and premium payment for ATPD Benefit will cease. If ATPD Benefit is equal to the Death Benefit the Member's cover will terminate and all rights, benefits and interests of the Member under the member's cover will stand extinguished.
 - e) For Single Pay option, only one benefit out of ATPD Benefit, TI Benefit and ACI Benefit can be chosen.

- V. Cancer Protect (CP) Benefit (applicable only if opted for by the Master Policyholder)
 - a) CP Benefit will be payable as mentioned in the table below upon diagnosis of the listed conditions during the lifetime of the member and within the CP Benefit coverage term.

Level and covered condition	Payout (as % of CP Benefit)
Minor Condition:	
1. Carcinoma in situ of any	25%
organ except skin	25%
2. Early stage cancers	
Major Condition:	100% less earlier Minor Condition claim
Cancer of specified severity	payout, if any

- b) In case of minor condition claim, 25% of the CP Benefit, as at the time of incidence of claim, will be payable. This is an additional Benefit.
- c) Claim will be admissible only if the Member is diagnosed for the first ever occurrence of any of the listed conditions.
- d) Multiple Minor claims will be admissible till the total payout does not exceed 100% of the CP Benefit.
- e) For multiple Minor conditions claims of a Member to be admissible, there needs to be a period of at least 6 months between the date of diagnosis of a Minor condition claim and date of diagnosis of subsequent Minor condition claim. However this requirement of 6 months is not applicable in case of diagnosis of a major condition claim following a minor condition claim.
- f) Multiple Minor condition claims from the same organ of the individual Member will not be admissible. For the purpose of claim, each group of the following sites are treated as one organ.
 - o Basal cell and squamous skin cancer
 - o Corpus uteri, vagina, fallopian tubes, cervix uteri, ovary
 - Colon and rectum
 - o Penis, testis
 - Stomach and esophagus
- g) CP Benefit can be less than or equal to base Death Sum Assured.
- h) In case the member has chosen both CP benefit and ACI or CI benefit, then, on being diagnosed with cancer of specified severity, payouts will be made for both the benefits.
- i) CP Benefit conditions, exclusions and waiting period are applicable (refer to Part D for details).
- j) On payment of 100% of CP Benefit, the Member's CP Benefit will terminate and premium payment for CP Benefit will cease.
- k) The maximum CP Benefit coverage term is 5 years.
- VI. Hospitalisation Benefit: (applicable only if opted for by the Master Policyholder)
 - a) This benefit is payable if the Member, on the recommendation of a medical practitioner, is hospitalised for the required continuous number of days in

that policy year, during the Hospitalisation Benefit coverage term. The options for number of days of hospitalisation are as below:

- i. Minimum 7 days of continuous hospitalisation; or
- ii. Minimum 15 days of continuous hospitalisation
- b) Hospitalisation Benefit can be claimed once every policy year. A member will be able to choose only one option out of 7 days or 15 days hospitalisation benefit.
- c) Hospitalisation Benefit conditions, exclusions and waiting period are applicable (refer to Part D for details).
- d) If the minimum required continuous days of hospitalisation start in one policy year and get completed in the following year the claim will be considered for the initial year.
- e) The maximum Hospitalisation Benefit coverage term is 5 years.

VII. Accelerated Critical Illness (ACI) Benefit (applicable only if chosen by the Master Policyholder)

- a) ACI Benefit will be payable on the Member being diagnosed to be suffering from a covered Critical Illness as per the Critical Illness package chosen, during the ACI Benefit coverage term as mentioned in the Certificate of Insurance. Any one of Essential, Classic or Comprehensive Critical Illness packages covering 7, 19 and 33 Critical Illnesses respectively can be chosen. The list of Critical Illnesses covered under these packages is given in section X below.
- b) Claim will be admissible only if the Member is diagnosed for the first ever occurrence of any of the covered Critical Illness during the lifetime of the member and within the ACI Benefit coverage term.
- c) ACI Benefit conditions, exclusions and waiting period are applicable (refer to Part D for details).
- d) ACI Benefit can be less than or equal to base Death Sum Assured. This is an accelerated benefit and not an additional benefit, which means payment through this benefit will not be in addition to the Death Benefit. On payment of this benefit, member's Death Benefit, TI Benefit (if chosen) will be reduced by the extent of the payment made. ATPD Benefit if chosen and is more than the reduced Death Benefit, ATPD Benefit will decrease to the amount of reduced Death Benefit, else will remain unchanged. Future premiums for the Death Benefit, TI Benefit and ATPD Benefit will reduce proportionately.
- e) Upon payment of ACI Benefit, Member's ACI Benefit will terminate and premium payment for ACI Benefit will cease. If ACI Benefit is equal to the Death Benefit the Member's cover will terminate and all rights, benefits and interests of the Member under the member's cover will stand extinguished.
- f) In case the member has chosen both CP benefit and ACI benefit, then, on being diagnosed with cancer of specified severity, payouts will be made for both the benefits.
- g) For Single Pay option, only one benefit out of ATPD Benefit, TI Benefit and ACI Benefit can be chosen.
- h) The maximum ACI Benefit coverage term is 15 years.

- VIII. Additional Critical Illness (CI) Benefit (applicable only if opted for by the Master Policyholder)
 - a) CI Benefit will be payable on the Member being diagnosed to be suffering from a covered Critical Illness from the Critical Illness package chosen, during the CI Benefit coverage term mentioned in the Member's Certificate of Insurance. CI Benefit will be payable only if the Member survives for a period of 14 days from the date of diagnosis of the Critical Illness. Any one of Essential, Classic or Comprehensive Critical Illness packages covering 7, 19 and 33 Critical Illnesses respectively can be chosen. The list of Critical Illnesses covered under these packages is given in section X below.
 - b) Claim will be admissible only if the Member is diagnosed for the first ever occurrence of any of the covered Critical Illnesses during the lifetime of the member and within the CI Benefit coverage term.
 - c) This is an additional benefit.
 - d) CI Benefit can be less than or equal to base Death Sum Assured.
 - e) CI Benefit conditions, exclusions, waiting period are applicable (refer to Part D for details).
 - f) Upon payment of this benefit, the Member's CI Benefit cover will terminate and future premiums for CI Benefit will cease.
 - g) The Member can choose either Accelerated Critical Illness Benefit or Additional Critical Illness Benefit, not both.
 - h) In case the member has chosen both TI and Additional CI benefits, and condition leading to TI is the one covered under CI, the member shall get both the benefits.
 - i) In case the member has chosen both CP benefit and CI benefit, then, on being diagnosed with cancer of specified severity, payouts will be made for both the benefits.
 - j) For Single Pay option, only one benefit out of ATPD Benefit, TI Benefit and ACI Benefit can be chosen.
 - k) The maximum CI Benefit coverage term is 15 years.

IX. Waiver of Premium on Critical Illness or Accidental Total Permanent Disability (WoP) (applicable only if chosen by the Master Policyholder)

- a) During the coverage term, if the Member is diagnosed to be suffering from any of the 33 Critical Illnesses covered under Comprehensive package or in the event of the Member being regarded as Totally and Permanently Disabled due to an accident, future premiums for all Benefits mentioned in the Member's Certificate of Insurance will be waived. The Member's Benefits will continue as per the original terms and conditions of the policy. 33 Critical Illnesses covered under Comprehensive package are mentioned in section X below.
- b) Claim will be admissible only if the Member is diagnosed for the first ever occurrence of any of the covered Critical Illness.
- c) The subsequent premiums payable for this benefit shall reduce when any of the benefits is exhausted and/or reduced.
- d) WoP conditions, exclusions and waiting period are applicable (refer to Part D for details).

- e) This Benefit cannot be chosen if ATPD Benefit and/ or ACI Benefit is equal to base Death Sum Assured.
- f) This benefit is applicable only for Regular Pay policies.

X. Critical Illnesses covered under the Essential, Classic and Comprehensive Critical Illness coverage packages

Critical	Critical Illness Coverage		Sr.	List of Critical Illnesses covered
	Package		No.	
			1	Cancer of Specified Severity
		=	2	First Heart Attack of Specified Severity
		Essential	3	Open Chest CABG
			4	Stroke resulting in permanent symptoms
		Es	5	Kidney Failure Requiring Regular Dialysis
			6	Major Organ/ Bone Marrow Transplant
			7	Loss of Independent Existence
			8	Blindness
	ပ		9	Multiple Sclerosis with Persisting Symptoms
	ssi		10	Alzheimer's Disease
	Classic		11	Heart Valve Surgery (Open Heart
				Replacement or Repair of Heart Valves)
			12	Deafness
			13	Apallic Syndrome
ө >			14	Benign Brain Tumour
			15	Brain Surgery
nsi			16	Coma of Specified Severity
Comprehensive			17	Major Head Trauma
			18	Permanent Paralysis of Limbs
Ē			19	Major Burns
ပိ			20	Motor Neurone Disease with Permanent
			01	Symptoms
			21	Surgery to aorta
			22	Chronic Lung Disease
			23	Chronic Liver Disease
			24	Parkinson's Disease
			25	Cardiomyopathy
			26	Loss of Limbs
			27	Primary Pulmonary hypertension
			28	Loss of Speech
			29	Systematic lupus Eryth. with Renal
			20	Involvement
			30	Aplastic Anaemia
			31	Muscular Dystrophy
			32	Poliomyelitis
			33	Medullary Cystic Disease

XI. Payout Options

The Death Benefit, TI Benefit, AD Benefit and ATPD Benefit will payable as per one of the below options chosen by the Member at the inception of the

coverage and as mentioned in the Member's Certificate of Insurance. All the other benefits will be paid out as Lump sum.

- 1. Lump Sum: Entire benefit amount is payable as lump sum.
- Income: The Benefit amount will be payable in equal monthly installments in advance over a period of 1 to 10 years, as chosen by the Master Policyholder/ Member. The payout period has to be selected at outset of the Policy /commencement of cover. The total amount of benefit paid out over the selected period shall be equal to the Sum Assured.

Monthly income as a percentage of the Benefit amount will be paid out as below:

Payout period (number of years)	Percentage of Benefit to compute monthly income
1	8.33333%
2	4.16667%
3	2.77778%
4	2.08333%
5	1.66667%
6	1.38889%
7	1.19048%
8	1.04167%
9	0.92593%
10	0.83333%

3. Income + Lump sum: The part of the Benefit amount to be paid out as lump sum is chosen at inception. The balance Benefit amount will be paid out in equal monthly instalments as mentioned in the above table in advance from 1 to 10 years as chosen by Master Policyholder/Member at inception.

In case of option 2 and 3, the Member / Nominee will have an option to take the discounted value of the future payouts anytime during the payout term by informing Us of this decision in writing. The present value will be derived using discount rate of 4% p.a.

2. Eligibility for Membership

- a) Persons who join the Group on or after the Policy Commencement date shall be eligible for Membership of the Scheme, subject to them being within the age limits as specified in Rules of the Scheme.
- b) The eligibility of a Member to join the scheme is subject to the Company receiving an intimation of eligibility of the Member and premium amount preferably within 45 days of the Member becoming eligible.
- c) A Members' coverage under the Master Policy shall terminate on any of the following:

- he/she ceases to satisfy any of the eligibility criteria and he/she chooses to expressly discontinue the cover when he/she ceases to be a Member of the group;
- ii. Upon payment of the following Benefits by Us in respect of such Member
- a. Death Benefit
- b. Accelerated Terminal Illness Benefit
- c. ATPD Benefit or ACI Benefit where these benefits are equal to Death Benefit
- iii. he / she voluntarily terminates his / her cover;
- iv. he /she reaches Terminal Age;
- v. premium is not paid within the grace period
- vi. On expiry of Coverage Term
- vii. On refund of premium under free look option

3. Cover of Members

- a) The Sum Assured applicable for each Member would be as specified in the Certificate of Insurance of each member. We would cover the Member subject to underwriting.
- b) The Master Policyholder shall hold this Master Policy of ICICI Pru Super Protect Life (referred to in this document as "the Policy" or "the Master Policy").
- c) All Benefits arising out of the Master Policy shall be solely for the Benefit of the Members.
- d) The Company will pay the Benefit on occurrence of an event upon which the Benefit becomes payable, and only on receipt of documents authenticated by the Master Policyholder, and to the satisfaction of the Company.
- e) The Members shall nominate beneficiary(ies) to receive the benefits under the Master Policy whose details shall be furnished to Us.
- f) The Cover under the Master Policy shall be effective for the Benefit Coverage Term. A Member shall be entitled to the Benefits of the Master Policy from the Date of Commencement of Cover up to his Terminal Date or Terminal Age whichever is earlier, subject to him/her being a Member.

4. Method of effecting Cover:

For effecting the Cover to the Member under the Master Policy:

- a) The Master Policyholder / Member shall immediately make available to the Company all such original documents and the premium payable for effecting Cover to the Member of the Master Policy.
- b) Cover will commence only if the personal statement / declaration of good health, if any, or any other factor relating to the insurability of a life is to the satisfaction of the Company. The decision of the Company thereon shall be final and binding on the Master Policyholder and the Member.
- c) This Master Policy has been effected in accordance with the Rules of the Scheme. Any amendment of the Rules of the Scheme by the Master Policyholder shall be operative, only, if the amendment is specifically approved by the Company in writing and not otherwise.

d) We shall have the right to vary the terms and conditions of the Master Policy including the premium payable or to discontinue adding new Members to the Master Policy, by giving a written notice of one month.

5. Premium payment

- a) For Regular Pay premium payment mode can be monthly, half yearly or yearly. Premium under this Master Policy is payable in advance for each Member.
- b) Separate premiums are required to be paid in respect of every individual Member under the Master Policy.
- c) Premiums are required to be paid for the entire Premium Payment Term
- d) We are not under any obligation to remind You / the Member about the premium due date, except as required by applicable regulations.
- e) Premium may be paid through any of the following modes:
 - a. Cash
 - b. Cheque
 - c. Demand Draft
 - d. Pay Order
 - e. Banker's cheque
 - f. Internet facility as approved by the Company from time to time
 - g. Electronic Clearing System / Direct Debit
 - h. Credit or Debit cards held in your name
- f) Amount and modalities will be subject to our rules and relevant legislation or regulation
- g) The loadings for premium payment modes other than annual are as per the table below.

Loading as a % of annual premium			
Premium Payment Mode			
Half-yearly	1.25%		
Monthly	2.50%		

- h) For Regular Pay Premium payment mode can be changed during the coverage term. The excess / deficit of premium would be payable to / payable by the member/Master Policyholder.
- i) The Insurer is liable for any claim if the Premiums in respect of the concerned Member is received by the Master Policyholder, subject to the Member proving that he has paid the Premium and has secured a proper receipt that he was duly insured.

6. Maturity benefit

There is no maturity benefit payable under the product.

7. Premium discontinuance

a) For Regular Pay, a grace period of 15 days from the premium due date applies for monthly frequency of premium payment, and 30 days applies for other frequencies. In case of occurrence of the covered events during the grace period, We will pay the benefits as per the terms and conditions of the Policy. The member's cover continues during the grace period.

In case the due premium is not paid by the end of the grace period, member's cover under the Policy will terminate.

PART D

1. Free look Period

You / the Member have an option to review the Policy following receipt of the Policy Document / Certificate of Insurance respectively. If you are not satisfied with the terms and conditions of this Policy, please return the Policy Document / Certificate of Insurance to Us with reason for cancellation within

- iii. 15 days from the date you received it, if your policy is purchased through solicitation in person.
- iv. 30 days from the date of receipt of Certificate of Insurance, in case member is enrolled through electronic mode or voice mode, which includes telephone-calling, Short Messaging Service (SMS), Physical mode which includes direct postal mail and newspaper & magazine inserts and solicitation through any means of communication other than in person

Policies will not be issued electronically to the Master Policyholder.

On cancellation of the Policy / Member cover during the free look period, We will return the premium paid subject to the following deductions:

- iv. Stamp duty charges
- v. Expenses incurred by the Company on medical examination, if any
- vi. Proportionate risk premium for the period of cover

The Policy / Member's cover shall terminate on payment of this amount and all rights, benefits and interests will stand extinguished.

2. Policy Surrender / Member Surrender

In case the Master Policyholder voluntarily terminates the Master Policy, the cover for members of the group shall continue till the end of the contracted term, and the member shall have an option to voluntarily terminate the insurance cover except where the premium is paid by the Master Policyholder. Such cover shall continue with the same terms and conditions as the original cover. For members who opt to voluntarily terminate their cover, the unexpired risk premium value (URPV) shall be payable only for them.

On Member withdrawing from the group, the cover shall continue for the Member up to the end of the coverage term, unless expressly voluntarily terminated by the Member in which case, the unexpired risk premium value (URPV) will be payable as described below.

URPV for the member will be the sum of URPV for each of the chosen benefits.

On payment of URPV, the Member's cover for all benefits will terminate and all rights, benefits and interests of the Member under the Policy will stand extinguished.

URPV for each benefit is as follows:

1. Single Pay:

URPV = 60% x Single Premium x Unexpired coverage term (in complete months)/ Original coverage term (in months)

2. Regular Pay:

For annual mode:

URPV = 60% of Regular Premium x unexpired coverage term for the policy year (in complete months) for which premiums have been paid / 12

For half-yearly mode:

URPV = 60% of Regular Premium (half-yearly) x unexpired coverage term for the half policy year (in complete months) for which premiums have been paid / 6

For monthly mode:

No URPV is payable.

Policyholder Covenants

The Master Policyholder, agrees to apply its prescribed norms and procedures for assessing all loan applications and apply its stipulated credit recovery procedures thereon, regardless of whether or not cover is sought on the lives of its borrowers where applicable. The Insurer reserves with it the right to call for the guidelines of the Policyholder's credit criteria at any time, and the Policyholder shall supply the same to the Insurer within the time limits if any specified therein. The Policyholder (or any of its affiliated organization / entity) in its capacity as Group Organizer / Group Manager, with whatsoever nomenclature may be, is prohibited from collecting any amount other than the insurance premium payable to the Insurers with regard to the underlying Group Insurance.

Policyholder shall collect the duly valid and complete Declaration of Good Health (Evidence of Good Health) along with such other documents as it may require for the purpose of the loan/ insurance cover given to the member. The Policyholder shall preserve and maintain it as an integral part of such loan/ insurance cover documentation. The Policyholder shall allow the officers of the Insurer (including representatives authorized in writing by the Insurer), to inspect and make copies of all/any relevant records for the purposes of this Policy, at reasonable hours on any day. It shall be the duty of the Policyholder to ensure that the Declaration of Good Health is duly filled in and signed by the member. In case a claim is settled by the insurer on a member's life, which would not have been covered under the Policy due to incomplete Declaration of Good Health submitted by the Policyholder, then the Policyholder shall indemnify the Insurer to the extent of the claim amount/payments made on such lives.

In accordance to the IRDA circular ref IRDAI/LIFE/MISC/CIR/172/09/2019 dated September 26, 2019, the non-employee-employer group policyholders shall obtain a Certificate of compliance from the Auditor of the group on every anniversary date of the Policy and submit the same to the Insurer at its request. Continuation of such Policy / cover will be subject to such submission of Certificate of compliance by the Policyholder to the Insurer. Or alternatively, the Insurer shall conduct the inspection of the books and records of the Policyholder to assess whether they are complying with the relevant IRDA guidelines.

3. Definitions, Conditions and Exclusions

I. Suicide

In case of death due to suicide within 12 months from the risk commencement date of the member cover or from the date of revival of the member cover, as applicable, the nominee or beneficiary of the Life Assured shall be entitled to an amount which is 80% of the total premiums paid till the date of death, provided the member cover is in force.

On the above payment, the member's cover will terminate and all rights, benefits and interests of the member will stand extinguished. The same treatment will be applicable in case of death of Member's spouse, if he/she is covered under the policy.

This clause is not applicable to:

- Compulsory employer-employee groups.
- Existing members of groups renewing their coverage. The suicide claim provision shall apply to new members of such groups.

II. For Accelerated Terminal Illness Benefit following conditions apply (only if TI Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder).

A member shall be regarded as Terminally III only if that member is diagnosed as suffering from a condition which, in the opinion of two independent medical practitioners specializing in treatment of such illness, is highly likely to lead to death within 6 months. The Terminal Illness must be diagnosed and confirmed by independent medical practitioners registered with the Indian Medical Association and approved by the Company. The Company reserves the right for independent assessment.

The definition of medical practitioner will be as per Guidelines on Standardization in Health Insurance, and as defined below:

"A Medical Practitioner is a person who holds a valid registration from the Medical Council of any State or Medical Council of India or Council for Indian Medicine or for Homeopathy set up by the Government of India or a State Government and is thereby entitled to practice medicine within its jurisdiction; and is acting within the scope and jurisdiction of license. The Medical Practitioner should neither be the insured person(s) himself nor related to the insured person(s) by blood or marriage."

III. For Accidental Death Benefit the following Conditions and Exclusions apply (only if AD Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder):

We will not be liable to pay the Accidental Death Benefit if the Accident is directly or indirectly due to or caused, occasioned, accelerated or aggravated by, any one of the following:

- 1. Death due to accident should not be caused by the following:
- a) Attempted suicide or self-inflicted injuries while sane or insane, or whilst the Member is under the influence of any narcotic substance or drug or intoxicating liquor except under the direction of a medical practitioner; or
- b) Engaging in aerial flights (including parachuting and skydiving) other than as a fare paying passenger or crew on a licensed passenger-carrying commercial aircraft operating on a regular scheduled route; or
- c) The Member with criminal intent, committing any breach of law; or
- d) Due to war, whether declared or not, or civil commotion; or
- e) Engaging in hazardous sports or pastimes, e.g. taking part in (or practicing for) boxing, caving, climbing, horse racing, jet skiing, martial arts, mountaineering, off piste skiing, pot holing, power boat racing, underwater diving, yacht racing or any race, trial or timed motor sport.
- Death is caused due to an accident, wherein an accident means sudden, unforeseen and involuntary event caused by external, visible and violent means.
- 3. The accident shall result in bodily injury or injuries to the Member independently of any other means. Such injury or injuries shall, within 180 days of the occurrence of the accident, directly and independently of any other means cause the death of the Member. In the event of the death of the Member after 180 days of the occurrence of the accident, the Company shall not be liable to pay this benefit.
- 4. The member's cover must be in-force at the time of accident.
- 5. The Company shall not be liable to pay this benefit in case the death of the Member occurs after the date of termination of the member cover.
- 6. Exclusions for AD Benefit will only apply to AD Benefit and death benefit will be paid on death due to accident.

IV. For Accelerated Accidental Total and Permanent Disability Benefit the following conditions and exclusions apply (only if ATPD Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder)

ATPD Benefit will be payable/ applicable if the Member has become totally and irreversibly disabled as a result of accident. It includes:

- 1. The total and permanent loss of use of both hands, or both feet, or both eyes, or a combination of any two, will also result in the Member being regarded as totally and permanently disabled, or,
- 2. To be regarded as totally and permanently disabled, the Member must be totally incapable of being employed or engaged in any work or any occupation whatsoever for remuneration or profit, or,
- To be regarded as totally and permanently disabled, the Member must be unable to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least 3 of the following 6 "Activities of Daily Work"
 - a) Mobility: The ability to walk a distance of 200 meters on flat ground.
 - b) Bending: The ability to bend or kneel to touch the floor and straighten up again and the ability to get into a standard saloon car, and out again.
 - c) Climbing: The ability to climb up a flight of 12 stairs and down again, using the handrail if needed.
 - d) Lifting: The ability to pick up an object weighing 2kg at table height and hold for 60 seconds before replacing the object on the table.
 - e) Writing: The manual dexterity to write legibly using a pen or pencil, or type using a desktop personal computer keyboard.

- f) Blindness permanent and irreversible Permanent and irreversible loss of sight to the extent that even when tested with the use of visual aids, vision is measured at 3/60 or worse in the better eye using a Snellen eye chart.
- 4. The disability should have lasted for at least 180 days without interruption and must be deemed permanent by a Company empanelled medical practitioner.
- 5. TPD due to accident should not be caused by the following:
 - a) Attempted suicide or self-inflicted injuries while sane or insane, or whilst the Member is under the influence of any narcotic substance or drug or intoxicating liquor except under the direction of a medical practitioner; or
 - b) Engaging in aerial flights (including parachuting and skydiving) other than as a fare paying passenger or crew on a licensed passenger-carrying commercial aircraft operating on a regular scheduled route; or
 - c) The Member with criminal intent, committing any breach of law; or
 - d) Due to war, whether declared or not or civil commotion; or
 - e) Engaging in hazardous sports or pastimes, e.g. taking part in (or practicing for) boxing, caving, climbing, horse racing, jet skiing, martial arts, mountaineering, off piste skiing, pot holing, power boat racing, underwater diving, yacht racing or any race, trial or timed motor sport.
- 6. TPD due to accident, wherein accident means sudden, unforeseen and involuntary event caused by external, visible and violent means.
- 7. The accident shall result in bodily injury or injuries to the Member independently of any other means. Such injury or injuries shall, within 180 days of the occurrence of the accident, directly and independently of any other means cause the TPD of the Member. In the event of TPD of the Member after 180 days of the occurrence of the accident, the Company shall not be liable to pay this benefit.
- 8. The member's cover must be in-force at the time of accident.
- 9. The Company shall not be liable to pay this benefit in case TPD of the Member occurs after the date of termination of the member cover.

V. For Accelerated Critical Illness Benefit and Additional Critical Illness Benefit the following definitions apply (only if ACI Benefit or CI Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder)

1. Cancer of Specified Severity:

A malignant tumour characterised by the uncontrolled growth & spread of malignant cells with invasion & destruction of normal tissues. This diagnosis must be supported by histological evidence of malignancy. The term cancer includes leukemia, lymphoma and sarcoma.

The following are excluded -

- All tumours which are histologically described as carcinoma in situ, benign, pre-malignant, borderline malignant, low malignant potential, neoplasm of unknown behavior, or non-invasive, including but not limited to: Carcinoma in situ of breasts, Cervical dysplasia CIN-1, CIN -2 & CIN-3;
- 2. Any non-melanoma skin carcinoma unless there is evidence of metastases to lymph nodes or beyond;
- 3. Malignant melanoma that has not caused invasion beyond the epidermis;
- 4. All tumors of the prostate unless histologically classified as having a Gleason score greater than 6 or having progressed to at least clinical TNM classification T2N0M0.

- 5. All Thyroid cancers histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM classification) or below;
- 6. Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia less than RAI stage 3;
- 7. Non-invasive papillary cancer of the bladder histologically described as TaN0M0 or of a lesser classification;
- 8. All Gastro-Intestinal Stromal Tumors histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM classification) or below and with mitotic count of less than or equal to 5/50 HPFs;

2. First Heart Attack of Specified Severity:

The first occurrence of myocardial infarction which means the death of a portion of the heart muscle as a result of inadequate blood supply to the relevant area. The diagnosis for Myocardial Infarction should be evidenced by all of the following criteria:

- A history of typical clinical symptoms consistent with the diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction (For e.g. typical chest pain)
- b) New characteristic electrocardiogram changes
- c) Elevation of infarction specific enzymes, Troponins or other specific biochemical markers.

The following are excluded:

- a) Other acute Coronary Syndromes
- b) Any type of angina pectoris.
- c) A rise in cardiac biomarkers or Troponin T or I in absence of overt ischemic heart disease OR following an intra-arterial cardiac procedure.

3. Open Chest CABG:

The actual undergoing of heart surgery to correct blockage or narrowing in one or more coronary artery(s), by coronary artery bypass grafting done via sternotomy (cutting through the breast bone) or minimally invasive keyhole coronary artery bypass procedures. The diagnosis must be supported by a coronary angiography and the realization of surgery has to be confirmed by a cardiologist.

The following are excluded:

a) Angioplasty and/or any other intra-arterial procedures

4. Stroke resulting in permanent symptoms

Any cerebrovascular incident producing permanent neurological sequelae. This includes infarction of brain tissue, thrombosis in an intracranial vessel, haemorrhage and embolisation from an extracranial source. Diagnosis has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner and evidenced by typical clinical symptoms as well as typical findings in CT Scan or MRI of the brain. Evidence of permanent neurological deficit lasting for at least 3 months has to be produced.

The following are excluded:

- Transient ischemic attacks (TIA)
- Traumatic injury of the brain
- Vascular disease affecting only the eye or optic nerve or vestibular functions.

5. Kidney Failure Requiring Regular Dialysis:

End stage renal disease presenting as chronic irreversible failure of both kidneys to function, as a result of which either regular renal dialysis (hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis) is instituted or renal transplantation is carried out. Diagnosis has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner.

6. Major Organ/ Bone Marrow Transplant

The actual undergoing of a transplant of:

- 1. One of the following human organs: heart, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, that resulted from irreversible end-stage failure of the relevant organ, or
- 2. Human bone marrow using haematopoietic stem cells. The undergoing of a transplant has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner.
- 3. The following are excluded:
 - a. Other stem-cell transplants
 - b. Where only islets of langerhans are transplanted

7. Loss of Independent Existence

Confirmation by a Consultant Physician of the loss of independent existence due to illness or trauma, lasting for a minimum period of 6 months and resulting in a permanent inability to perform at least three (3) of the following Activities of Daily Living

Activities of Daily Living:

- 1. Washing: the ability to wash in the bath or shower (including getting into and out of the bath or shower) or wash satisfactorily by other means;
- 2. Dressing: the ability to put on, take off, secure and unfasten all garments and, as appropriate, any braces, artificial limbs or other surgical appliances;
- 3. Transferring: the ability to move from a bed to an upright chair or wheelchair and vice versa;
- 4. Mobility: the ability to move indoors from room to room on level surfaces;
- Toileting: the ability to use the lavatory or otherwise manage bowel and bladder functions so as to maintain a satisfactory level of personal hygiene;
- 6. Feeding: the ability to feed oneself once food has been prepared and made available.

8. Blindness

Total, permanent and irreversible loss of all vision in both eyes as a result of illness or accident.

The Blindness is evidenced by:

- i. corrected visual acuity being 3/60 or less in both eyes or;
- ii. the field of vision being less than 10 degrees in both eyes.

The diagnosis of blindness must be confirmed and must not be correctable by aids or surgical procedure.

9. Multiple Sclerosis with Persisting Symptoms

The unequivocal diagnosis of Definite Multiple Sclerosis confirmed and evidenced by all of the following:

- i. investigations including typical MRI findings which unequivocally confirm the diagnosis to be multiple sclerosis and
- ii. there must be current clinical impairment of motor or sensory function, which must have persisted for a continuous period of at least 6 months

Other causes of neurological damage such as SLE is excluded.

10. Alzheimer's Disease

Deterioration or loss of intellectual capacity as confirmed by clinical evaluation and imaging tests, arising from Alzheimer's Disease or irreversible organic disorders, resulting in significant reduction in mental and social functioning requiring the continuous supervision of the Member. This diagnosis must be supported by the clinical confirmation of an appropriate Registered Medical practitioner who is also a neurologist and supported by the Company's appointed doctor.

The following are excluded:

- (i) Non-organic disease such as neurosis and psychiatric illnesses; and
- (ii) Alcohol-related brain damage
- (iii) Any other type of irreversible organic disorder/dementia

11. Open Heart Replacement or Repair of Heart Valves:

The actual undergoing of open-heart valve surgery is to replace or repair one or more heart valves, as a consequence of defects in, abnormalities of, or disease-affected cardiac valve(s). The diagnosis of the valve abnormality must be supported by an echocardiography and the realization of surgery has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner. Catheter based techniques including but not limited to, balloon valvotomy/valvuloplasty are excluded.

12. Deafness

Total and irreversible loss of hearing in both ears as a result of illness or accident. This diagnosis must be supported by pure tone audiogram test and certified by an Ear, Nose, and Throat (ENT) specialist. Total means "the

loss of hearing to the extent that the loss is greater than 90 decibels across all frequencies of hearing" in both ears.

13. Apallic Syndrome:

Universal necrosis of the brain cortex, with the brain stem intact. Diagnosis must be definitely confirmed by a Registered Medical practitioner who is also a neurologist holding such an appointment at an approved hospital. This condition must be documented for at least one (1) month.

The definition of approved hospital will be in line with Guidelines on Standardization in Health Insurance and as defined below:

A hospital means any institution established for in-patient care and day care treatment of illness and/or injuries and which has been registered as a hospital with the local authorities under Clinical Establishments (Registration and Regulation) Act 2010 or under enactments specified under the Schedule of Section 56(1) and the said act Or complies with all minimum criteria as under:

- a) has qualified nursing staff under its employment round the clock;
- b) has at least 10 in-patient beds, in towns having a population of less than 10,00,000 and at least 15 in-patient beds in all other places;
- c) has qualified medical practitioner (s) in charge round the clock;
- d) has a fully equipped operation theatre of its own where surgical procedures are carried out
- e) maintains daily records of patients and will make these accessible to the insurance company's authorized personnel.

14. Benign Brain Tumour:

Benign brain tumor is defined as a life threatening, non-cancerous tumor in the brain, cranial nerves or meninges within the skull. The presence of the underlying tumor must be confirmed by imaging studies such as CT scan or MRI.

This brain tumor must result in at least one of the following and must be confirmed by the relevant medical specialist.

- Permanent Neurological deficit with persisting clinical symptoms for a continuous period of at least 90 consecutive days or
- ii. Undergone surgical resection or radiation therapy to treat the brain tumor.

The following conditions are excluded:

Cysts, Granulomas, malformations in the arteries or veins of the brain, hematomas, abscesses, pituitary tumors, tumors of skull bones and tumors of the spinal cord.

15. Brain Surgery

The actual undergoing of surgery to the brain, under general anaesthesia, during which a Craniotomy is performed. Burr hole and brain surgery as a result of an accident is excluded. The procedure must be considered

necessary by a qualified specialist and the benefit shall only be payable once corrective surgery has been carried out.

16. Coma of Specified Severity:

A state of unconsciousness with no reaction or response to external stimuli or internal needs. This diagnosis must be supported by evidence of all of the following:

- a) no response to external stimuli continuously for at least 96 hours;
- b) life support measures are necessary to sustain life; and
- c) permanent neurological deficit which must be assessed at least 30 days after the onset of the coma

The condition has to be confirmed by a specialist medical practitioner. Coma resulting directly from alcohol or drug abuse is excluded.

17. Major Head Trauma

Accidental head injury resulting in permanent Neurological deficit to be assessed no sooner than 3 months from the date of the accident. This diagnosis must be supported by unequivocal findings on Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Computerized Tomography, or other reliable imaging techniques. The accident must be caused solely and directly by accidental, violent, external and visible means and independently of all other causes.

The Accidental Head injury must result in an inability to perform at least three (3) of the following Activities of Daily Living either with or without the use of mechanical equipment, special devices or other aids and adaptations in use for disabled persons. For the purpose of this benefit, the word "permanent" shall mean beyond the scope of recovery with current medical knowledge and technology.

The Activities of Daily Living are:

- Washing: the ability to wash in the bath or shower (including getting into and out of the bath or shower) or wash satisfactorily by other means;
- ii. Dressing: the ability to put on, take off, secure and unfasten all garments and, as appropriate, any braces, artificial limbs or other surgical appliances;
- iii. Transferring: the ability to move from a bed to an upright chair or wheelchair and vice versa;
- iv. Mobility: the ability to move indoors from room to room on level surfaces;
- v. Toileting: the ability to use the lavatory or otherwise manage bowel and bladder functions so as to maintain a satisfactory level of personal hygiene;
- vi. Feeding: the ability to feed oneself once food has been prepared and made available.

The following are excluded:

i. Spinal cord injury;

18. Permanent Paralysis of Limbs

Total and irreversible loss of use of two or more limbs as a result of injury or disease of the brain or spinal cord. A specialist medical practitioner must be of the opinion that the paralysis will be permanent with no hope of recovery and must be present for more than 3 months.

19. Major Burns

There must be third-degree burns with scarring that cover at least 20% of the body's surface area. The diagnosis must confirm the total area involved using standardized, clinically accepted, body surface area charts covering 20% of the body surface area.

20. Motor Neurone Disease with Permanent Symptoms

Motor neurone disease diagnosed by a specialist medical practitioner as spinal muscular atrophy, progressive bulbar palsy, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis or primary lateral sclerosis. There must be progressive degeneration of corticospinal tracts and anterior horn cells or bulbar efferent neurons. There must be current significant and permanent functional neurological impairment with objective evidence of motor dysfunction that has persisted for a continuous period of at least 3 months.

21. Surgery of Aorta

The actual undergoing of major surgery to repair or correct an aneurysm, narrowing, obstruction or dissection of the aorta through surgical opening of the chest or abdomen. For the purpose of this definition, aorta shall mean the thoracic and abdominal aorta but not its branches.

22. Chronic Lung Disease:

End stage lung disease causing chronic respiratory failure, where all of the following criteria are met:

- 1. Permanent oxygen therapy is required;
- 2. A consistent forced expiratory volume (FEV1) test value of less than one (1) liter (during the first second of a forced exhalation);
- 3. Baseline arterial blood gas analysis showing arterial partial oxygen pressure at a level of fifty-five (55) mmHg or less; and
- 4. Dyspnea at rest.

The diagnosis must be confirmed by a respiratory physician.

23. Chronic Liver Disease:

End Stage liver failure as evidenced by all of the following:

- (a) Permanent jaundice;
- (b) Ascites; and

- (c) Hepatic encephalopathy.
- (d) Esophageal or Gastric Varices and Portal Hypertension

Irrespective of the above, liver failure due or related to alcohol or drug abuse is excluded.

24. Parkinson's Disease

Unequivocal Diagnosis of Parkinson's Disease by a Registered Medical Practitioner who is a neurologist where the condition:

- (a) cannot be controlled with medication;
- (b) shows signs of progressive impairment; and
- (c) Activities of Daily Living assessment confirms the inability of the Insured to perform at least three (3) of the Activities of Daily Living as defined in the Policy, either with or without the use of mechanical equipment, special devices or other aids or adaptations in use for disabled persons.

Drug-induced or toxic causes of Parkinson's disease are excluded.

25. Cardiomyopathy

An impaired function of the heart muscle, unequivocally diagnosed as Cardiomyopathy by a Registered Medical Practitioner who is a cardiologist, and which results in permanent physical impairment to the degree of New York Heart Association classification Class III or Class IV, or its equivalent, based on the following classification criteria:

Class III - Marked functional limitation. Affected patients are comfortable at rest but performing activities involving less than ordinary exertion will lead to symptoms of congestive cardiac failure.

Class IV - Inability to carry out any activity without discomfort. Symptoms of congestive cardiac failure are present even at rest. With any increase in physical activity, discomfort will be experienced. The Diagnosis of Cardiomyopathy has to be supported by echographic findings of compromised ventricular performance. Irrespective of the above, Cardiomyopathy directly related to alcohol or drug abuse is excluded.

26. Loss of Limbs

The physical separation of two or more limbs, at or above the wrist or ankle level limbs as a result of injury or disease. This will include medically necessary amputation necessitated by injury or disease. The separation has to be permanent without any chance of surgical correction. Loss of Limbs resulting directly or indirectly from self-inflicted injury, alcohol or drug abuse is excluded.

27. Primary (Idiopathic) Pulmonary hypertension

An unequivocal diagnosis of Primary (Idiopathic) Pulmonary Hypertension by a Cardiologist or specialist in respiratory medicine with evidence of right

ventricular enlargement and the pulmonary artery pressure above 30 mm of Hg on Cardiac Cauterization. There must be permanent irreversible physical impairment to the degree of at least Class IV of the New York Heart Association Classification of cardiac impairment.

The NYHA Classification of Cardiac Impairment are as follows:

- 1. Class III: Marked limitation of physical activity. Comfortable at rest, but less than ordinary activity causes symptoms.
- 2. Class IV: Unable to engage in any physical activity without discomfort. Symptoms may be present even at rest.

Pulmonary hypertension associated with lung disease, chronic hypoventilation, pulmonary thromboembolic disease, drugs and toxins, diseases of the left side of the heart, congenital heart disease and any secondary cause are specifically excluded.

28. Loss of Speech

Total and irrecoverable loss of the ability to speak as a result of injury or disease to the Vocal Cords. The inability to speak must be established for a continuous period of 12 months. This diagnosis must be supported by medical evidence furnished by an Ear, Nose, and Throat (ENT) specialist.

All psychiatric related causes are excluded.

29. Systematic lupus Eryth. with Renal Involvement

Multi-system, autoimmune disorder characterized by the development of auto-antibodies, directed against various self-antigens. For purposes of the definition of "Critical Illness", SLE is restricted to only those forms of systemic lupus erythematosus, which involve the kidneys and are characterized as Class III, Class IV, Class V or Class VI lupus nephritis under the Abbreviated International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) classification of lupus nephritis (2003) below based on renal biopsy. Other forms such as discoid lupus, and those forms with only hematological and joint involvement are specifically excluded.

Abbreviated ISN/RPS classification of lupus nephritis (2003):

Class I - Minimal mesangial lupus nephritis

Class II - Mesangial proliferative lupus nephritis

Class III - Focal lupus nephritis

Class IV - Diffuse segmental (IV-S) or global (IV-G) lupus nephritis

Class V - Membranous lupus nephritis

Class VI - Advanced sclerosing lupus nephritis the final diagnosis must be confirmed by a certified doctor specialising in Rheumatology and Immunology.

30. Aplastic Anaemia

Irreversible persistent bone marrow failure which results in anaemia, neutropenia and thrombocytopenia requiring treatment with at least two (2) of the following:

- (a) Blood product transfusion;
- (b) Marrow stimulating agents;
- (c) Immunosuppressive agents; or
- (d) Bone marrow transplantation.

The Diagnosis of aplastic anaemia must be confirmed by a bone marrow biopsy. Two out of the following three values should be present:

- Absolute Neutrophil count of 500 per cubic millimetre or less;
- Absolute Reticulocyte count of 20,000 per cubic millimetre or less; and
- Platelet count of 20,000 per cubic millimetre or less.

31. Muscular Dystrophy

Diagnosis of muscular dystrophy by a Registered Medical Practitioner who is a neurologist based on three (3) out of four (4) of the following conditions:

- (a) Family history of other affected individuals;
- (b) Clinical presentation including absence of sensory disturbance, normal cerebro-spinal fluid and mild tendon reflex reduction;
- (c) Characteristic electromyogram; or
- (d) Clinical suspicion confirmed by muscle biopsy.

The condition must result in the inability of the Member to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least three (3) of the six (6) 'Activities of Daily Living' as defined, for a continuous period of at least six (6) months.

32. Poliomyelitis

The occurrence of Poliomyelitis where the following conditions are met:

- 1. Poliovirus is identified as the cause and is proved by Stool Analysis,
- 2. Paralysis of the limb muscles or respiratory muscles must be present and persist for at least 3 months.

33. Medullary Cystic Disease

Medullary Cystic Disease where the following criteria are met:

- 1. the presence in the kidney of multiple cysts in the renal medulla accompanied by the presence of tubular atrophy and interstitial fibrosis;
- 2. clinical manifestations of anaemia, polyuria, and progressive deterioration in kidney function; and
- 3. the Diagnosis of Medullary Cystic Disease is confirmed by renal biopsy.

VI. For Cancer Protect Benefit the following definitions apply (only if Cancer Protect Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder)

1. Carcinoma-in-Situ of any organ (except skin)

- i. Carcinoma in situ (CIS) means the focal autonomous new growth of carcinomatous cells confined to the cells in which it originated and has not yet resulted in the invasion and/or destruction of surrounding tissues. 'Invasion' means an infiltration and/or active destruction of normal tissue beyond the basement membrane.
- ii. The diagnosis of the Carcinoma in situ must always be supported by a histopathological report.
- iii. Furthermore, the diagnosis of Carcinoma in situ must always be positively diagnosed upon the basis of a microscopic examination of the fixed tissue, supported by a biopsy result. Clinical diagnosis does not meet this standard.
- iv. In the case of the cervix uteri, Pap smear alone is not acceptable and should be accompanied with cone biopsy or colposcopy with the cervical biopsy report clearly indicating presence of CIS.
- v. Clinical diagnosis or Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia (CIN) classification which reports CIN I, and CIN II (where there is severe dysplasia without carcinoma in situ) does not meet the required definition and are specifically excluded.
- vi. All CIS of the skin are specifically excluded.
- vii. This coverage is available to the first occurrence of CIS of same organ. Multiple claims from same organ will not be admissible.

2. Early stage Cancers

Early Stage Cancer shall mean first ever diagnosis during the lifetime of the member and within the CP benefit coverage term with the presence of one of the following malignant conditions:

- i. Any malignant tumor of the thyroid, positively diagnosed with histological confirmation and characterised by the uncontrolled growth of malignant cells and invasion of tissue, which is histologically classified as T1N0M0 according to the TNM classification system, or another equivalent classification
- ii. Prostate tumor should be histologically described as TNM Classification T1a or T1b or T1c are of another equivalent classification.
- iii. Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia classified as RAI Stage I or II;
- iv. Basal cell and Squamous skin cancer that has spread to distant organs beyond the skin,
- v. Hodgkin's lymphoma Stage I by the Cotswold's classification staging system.
- vi. All tumors of the urinary bladder histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification)
- i. The Diagnosis must be based on histopathological features and confirmed by a Pathologist.

Pre-malignant lesions and conditions, unless listed above, are excluded.

3. Cancer of Specified Severity: As defined in Part D 3.V.1. above.

VII. For Accelerated Critical Illness Benefit and Additional Critical Illness Benefit the following exclusions apply (only if CI Benefit or ACI Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder)

CI Benefit and ACI Benefit will not be payable/ applicable in respect of any listed condition arising directly or indirectly from, though, in consequence of or aggravated by any of the following:

- Pre-Existing Conditions or conditions connected to a Pre-Existing Condition will be excluded. Pre-Existing is any condition for which the Member had signs, or symptoms, and/ or were diagnosed, and/ or received medical advice/ treatment within 48 months prior to the cover commencement date of the member.
- Existence of any Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) and its related complications
- Self-inflicted injury, suicide, insanity and deliberate participation of the Member in an illegal or criminal act with criminal intent.
- Use of intoxicating drugs / alcohol / solvent, taking of drugs except under the direction of a qualified medical practitioner.
- War whether declared or not, civil commotion, invasion, hostilities (whether
 war is declared or not), rebellion, revolution, military or usurped power or
 wilful participation in acts of violence.
- Aviation other than as a fare paying passenger or crew in a commercial licensed aircraft.
- Treatment for injury or illness caused by avocations / activities such as hunting, mountaineering, steeple-chasing, professional sports, racing of any kind, scuba diving, aerial sports, activities such as hand-gliding, ballooning, deliberate exposure to exceptional danger.
- Radioactive contamination due to nuclear accident.
- Any treatment of a donor for the replacement of an organ.
- Any illness due to a congenital defect or disease which has manifested or was diagnosed before the inception of the policy.

VIII. For Cancer Protect Benefit the following exclusions apply (only if CP Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder)

No Cancer Protect Benefit will be payable in respect of any listed condition arising directly or indirectly from, though, in consequence of or aggravated by any of the following:

- Pre-Existing Diseases are not covered. Pre-Existing Disease means any Cancer condition (primary or metastatic); pre-cancerous condition or related condition(s) for which the insured had signs or symptoms, and/or was diagnosed, and/or for which medical advice / treatment was received within 48 months prior to the cover commencement date of the member.
- Diagnosis or evidence of any covered condition first occurred / detected during the waiting period.
- Existence of any Sexually transmitted diseases and its related complications.

- Self-inflicted injuries, suicide, insanity, and deliberate participation of the Member in an illegal or criminal act with criminal intent.
- Use of intoxicating drugs / alcohol / solvent, taking of drugs except under the direction of a qualified medical practitioner.
- Radioactive contamination due to nuclear accident.
- Any illness due to a congenital defect or disease which has manifested or was diagnosed before the inception of the policy.

IX. For Hospitalisation Benefit the following exclusions apply (only if Hospitalisation Benefit is chosen by the Master Policyholder)

No Hospitalisation Benefits shall be payable with respect to any period of hospital confinement/ICU stay unless the entire confinement/ICU stay and all the hospital services rendered and performed there had been recommended by a Medical Practitioner and are in accordance with the diagnosis and treatment of the condition for which the hospitalisation was required.

No Hospitalisation Benefit shall be payable under the policy if a claim or event suffered by the Member is directly or indirectly caused by or exacerbated as a result of any of the following:

- Pre-Existing Conditions or conditions connected to a Pre-Existing Condition.
 Pre-Existing is any condition for which the Member had signs, or symptoms, and/ or were diagnosed, and / or received medical advice / treatment within 48 months prior to the cover commencement date of the member.
- Hospitalization/treatment within the waiting period except for hospitalization/treatment due to accidental injuries.
- Routine Eye tests, refractive errors of eyes, refractive surgery, ear examination
- Any treatment due to any congenital defect or disease which has manifested or was diagnosed before the inception of the policy.
- Any dental surgery, extraction of impacted tooth/teeth, orthodontics or orthographic surgery, or Temporo-Mandibular Joint Disorder except as necessitated by an accidental injury.
- Treatment arising from or traceable to pregnancy which shall include childbirth, infertility, , miscarriage, abortion, sterilization and contraception including complications relating thereto / treatment to assist reproduction including IVF treatment
- Hospitalisation primarily for investigatory purpose, diagnosis, X-ray examination, general physical or routine medical examination; preventive treatments or medicines, treatments/examinations specifically for weight management regardless whether the same is caused (directly or indirectly) by a medical condition, or any treatment or study related to sleep disorder or sleep apnoea syndrome.
- Convalescence, general debility, custodial, sanitaria, rehabilitation centre, nature care clinics, or respite care; or long term nursing care.
- Stem cell implantation or surgery, harvesting/storage/any other treatment using stem cells, or any type of hormone replacement therapy.
- Any form of plastic surgery except to the extent that such surgery is necessary
 for the treatment of cancer, burns or accidental injuries happened during the
 contract period; Cosmetic or aesthetic treatments of any description, treatment
 or surgery for change of life/gender
- Treatment of xanthelasma, syringoma, acne and alopecia.

- Circumcision unless necessary for treatment of a disease or necessitated due to an accident.
- Hospitalisation and treatment of any kind not actually performed, necessary or reasonable, or any kind of elective surgery or treatment which is not medically necessary
- Any treatment for any Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) and its related complications; treatment of any sexual problem including impotence (irrespective of the cause) and sex changes/gender reassignments or erectile dysfunction.
- Treatment for or arising from any injury that is intentionally self-inflicted, including attempted suicide.
- Hospitalisation due to use or abuse of any substance, drug (not prescribed by any registered Medical Practitioner) or alcohol or treatment for de-addiction / smoking cessation programs or taking of poison.
- War or hostilities (whether declared or not), civil commotion, invasion, rebellion, revolution, military or usurped power or nuclear weapons/materials, chemical /biological weapons or radiation of any kind or wilful participation in acts of violence or in illegal or criminal act.
- Any treatment related to donor screening or treatment including surgery to remove organs of a donor for the replacement of an organ (where Member is donor).
- Ayurvedic, Homeopathy, Unani, Yoga and naturopathy, Siddha, reflexology, acupuncture, bone-setting, herbalist treatment, hypnotism, Rolfing, massage therapy, aroma therapy or any other treatments other than Allopathy / western medicines.
- · Any treatment received outside India
- The following diseases/surgeries & any complications arising out of them will not be covered during the first 2 years from policy issuance date or revival date in case the revival is after 60 days from the date of first unpaid premium.
 - o Deviated Nasal Septum/ Nasal & Paranasal Sinus Disorders
 - Diseases of Tonsils / Adenoids
 - Surgery of Thyroid Gland excluding Malignancy
 - o All types of Hernia
 - Hydrocele /Varicocele / Spermatocele
 - o Piles / Fissure / Fistula-in-Ano / Rectal Prolapse
 - Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy
 - Menstrual Irregularities, Dysfunctional Uterine Bleeding
 - Hysterectomy with or without Bilateral Salpingo-oophorectomy excluding
 Malignancy
 - Uterine Fibroid
 - o Calculus Diseases
 - Prolapsed Intervertebral Disc
 - Retinopathy / Retinal Detachment
 - o Peripheral Vascular Disease due to Diabetes / Diabetic Foot
 - Renal Failure due to Diabetes
 - Osteoporosis / Pathological Fracture
 - Cataract
 - Joint Replacements except due to an accident (one Knee or one Hip Replacement in a Policy Year)
 - o Congenital Internal Disease or Anomalies or Disorder

4. Waiting Period

180 days Waiting Period for CI Benefit, ACI Benefit and CP Benefit

- a) The benefit shall not apply or be payable in respect of any listed conditions for which the symptoms have occurred or for which care, treatment or advice was recommended by or received from a Medical Practitioner, or which first manifested itself or which was contracted during the first 180 days from the date of commencement of cover or from the date of revival of cover of the Member, where the cover has lapsed for more than 60 days. In the event of occurrence of any of the scenarios mentioned above, the Company will refund the premiums for that benefit of the member and member's benefit cover will terminate with immediate effect.
- b) No waiting period applies where the condition manifests due to accident.
- c) Applicability of the waiting period for existing Members of a group already covered in previous Group Policy issued by any insurer for similar benefits, will be subject to Board Approved Underwriting Guidelines, provided there is no unbroken period between such previous Group Policy and this Policy. Waiting period applies for new Members of the group.

45 days Waiting Period for Hospitalisation Benefit

- a) The benefit shall not apply or be payable in respect of hospitalisation during the first 45 days from the date of commencement of cover or date of revival of cover of the Member, where the cover has lapsed for more than 60 days.
- b) No waiting period applies where the condition manifests due to accident.

5. Loan

We will not provide any loans under this Policy.

6. Rider

Riders may be added subject to the prior approval of the regulator.

7. Paid-up Value

Policy does not acquire any Paid-Up Value.

8. Revival

- a) For Regular Pay option application for member revival can be made through the Master Policyholder within 5 years from the due date of the first unpaid premium and before the end of coverage term.
- b) Revival will be based on the prevailing Board approved underwriting policy and guidelines framed thereunder
- c) The Member furnishes, at his / her own expense, satisfactory evidence of health as required by the prevailing Board approved underwriting policy.
- d) The arrears of Premiums together with interest at such rate as We may charge for late payment of premiums are paid. Revival interest rates will be set monthly and is equal to 150 basis points in addition to the prevailing yield on 10 year Government Securities. The yield on 10 year Government Securities will be sourced from www.bloomberg.com. The revival interest rate applicable for December 2019 is 7.97% p.a. compounded half yearly.

- e) The revival of the Member cover may be on terms different from those applicable to the Member before premiums were discontinued; for example, extra mortality premiums or charges may be applicable.
- f) We reserve the right to refuse to revive the Member cover.
- g) The revival will take effect only if it is specifically communicated by Us to You / Member.
- h) Any change in revival conditions will be subject to prior approval from IRDAI and will be disclosed to members.

<u>PART E</u>

This section is not applicable to Your policy.

PART F General Conditions

1. Assignment of Benefit

Assignment of Benefit under the Policy will be governed by Section 38 of the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time. Please refer to Annexure II for details on this section.

2. Nomination

Nomination under the Policy will be governed by Section 39 of the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time. Please refer to Annexure III for details on this section.

3. Incontestability

Incontestability will be as per Section 45 of the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time. Please refer to Annexure IV for details on this section.

4. Non-Disclosure & Fraud

Non-disclosure and Fraud will be as per Section 45 of the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time. Please refer to Annexure IV for details on this section.

The Policy is subject to the terms and conditions as mentioned in the Policy document and is governed by the Laws of India.

5. Discharge of liability

A receipt duly signed by the Master Policyholder or any other person authorized by the Master Policyholder will be a valid and sufficient discharge for us. The encashment of the cheque or credit of the proceeds to the bank account of Master Policyholder or person directed by the Master Policyholder will be sufficient discharge for the company.

6. Claim payment procedure

In case of a Regulated Entity, for Death Benefit, ATPD Benefit, ACI Benefit and TI Benefit, the Insurer will make payment to the extent of outstanding loan amount in favour of the Master Policyholder and the residual benefit amount, if any, shall be paid to the beneficiary. For all other benefits, in case of a Regulated Entity, subject to the Master Policyholder providing the Insurer a letter of authorization from the Member, authorizing the Insurer to make payment to the extent of Outstanding loan amount in favour of the Master Policyholder, the claim amount to the extent of Outstanding loan amount shall be paid to the Master Policyholder after deduction of the same from the claim proceeds payable on the happening of the contingent event covered under this policy. Any residual benefit shall be paid to the beneficiary. In the absence of Letter of authorization or in case of Other Entities, the claim payment will be made to the beneficiary.

The claim payment will be as per Scheme Rules. The Master Policyholder will raise claims to avail Benefits with the following documents:

- a) Duly filled claim form
- b) Original Certificate of Insurance
- c) Certificate from the Master Policyholder confirming the status of the loan, for which cover is taken, if applicable.
- d) Death certificate of member issued by the local authority in case of death claim.
- e) In case of natural death/ death due to illness cause of death and Medical records (i.e. Admission notes, Discharge / Death summary, test reports, etc.) if any is required.
- f) In case of accidental death FIR, Panchnama, Inquest report, Post mortem report and Driving licence is required.
- g) All medical reports, case histories, investigation reports, treatment papers, discharge summaries. In case of Terminal illness Definition Fulfilment documents are required. Any other documents or information as may be required by the Company for processing of the claim depending on the cause of the claim.

All claims payments will be made in Indian currency in accordance with the prevailing exchange control regulations and other relevant laws and regulations in India.

7. Recovery

We reserve the right to recover the amount from the Master Policyholder or the Member or any other person, if it is found that the Benefits are erroneously paid due to the fault of the Master Policyholder. In case we are not in a position to recover such amounts from the Member or any other person, the Master Policyholder will be liable to pay the said amount to the Company within 15 days from the date of its demand. However, the Master Policyholder will not be liable or responsible for any wrong payments made by the Company without any fault on the part of the Master Policyholder.

8. Governing Law & Jurisdiction

The policy is subject to the terms and conditions as mentioned in the policy document and is governed by the laws of India.

Indian courts shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any and all differences or disputes arising in relation to this Policy.

9. Notices

Any notice, direction or instruction given under this Policy shall be in writing and delivered by hand, post, facsimile or e-mail to-

In case of the Master Policyholder:

As per the details specified by the Master Policyholder in the Proposal Form / Change of Address intimation submitted by them.

In case of the Company:

Address: Group Solutions Service Desk

ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Ground Floor & Upper Basement, Unit No. 1A & 2A, Raheja Tipco Plaza,

Rani Sati Marg, Malad (East),

Mumbai- 400097 Maharashtra.

E-mail: grouplife@iciciprulife.com

The Company's website must be checked for the updated contact details. It is very important that you immediately inform the company about any change in the address or the beneficiary particulars.

10. Legislative changes

This policy, including the premiums and the benefits under the policy, will be subject to the taxes and other statutory levies as may be applicable from time to time.

The Master Policyholder / Member will be required to pay Goods and Services Tax, as applicable, as per the prevailing laws, regulations and other financial enactments as may exist from time to time, wherever applicable.

All benefits payable under the policy are subject to the tax laws and other financial enactments as they exist from time to time.

All provisions stated in this Policy are subject to the current guidelines issued by the Regulator as on date. All future guidelines that may be issued by the Regulator from time to time may also be applicable to this Policy.

11. Electronic Transactions

All transactions carried out through Internet, electronic data interchange, call centres, teleservice operations (whether voice, video, data or combination thereof) or by means of electronic, computer, automated machines network or through other means of telecommunication will be valid and legally binding on the Master Policyholder / Member / Beneficiaries as well as the Company.

This will be subject to the relevant guidelines and terms and conditions as may be made applicable by the Company.

The Company reserves the sole right to terminate, stop or do away with all or any of the said facilities without any prior intimation to the Master Policyholder / Member / Beneficiaries.

12. Audit

The Insurer shall have the right to audit or cause audit into the accuracy of the Credit account statements of the insured Members in respect of which claims were settled on the completion of every Financial Year.

13. Force Majeure

In the event where Company's performance or any other obligations are prevented or hindered as a consequence of any act of God or state, strike, lock out, legislation or restriction by any government or any other statutory authority or any other circumstances that lie beyond Company's anticipation or control, the performance of this policy shall be wholly or partially suspended during the continuance of such force majeure. The Company shall resume its obligations towards the Policy as soon as the Force Majeure event ceases. The Company undertakes to keep the IRDAI informed and take prior approval before effecting any of these changes.

14. Age Admitted

The Premiums under the Policy have been calculated based on the age of the member as declared in the member consent form. The member is required to submit such proof of age as is acceptable to us along with the member consent form to have the age admitted. In the event the age so admitted during the coverage term is found to be different from the age declared in the member consent form, the Company reserves the right to declare the Member's cover as Void Ab Initio or vary the Sum Assured and/or recover/refund excess Premium. This is without prejudice to the Company's rights and remedies including those under the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time.

PART – G

Grievance Mechanism and List of Ombudsman

1. Customer Service

For any clarification or assistance, the Master Policyholder may contact the Relationship Manager or visit any of Our branch offices or call Group Service Representative at

Group Solutions Service Desk

ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited

Ground Floor & Upper Basement,

Unit No. 1A & 2A, Raheja Tipco Plaza,

Rani Sati Marg, Malad (East),

Mumbai- 400097 Maharashtra.

E-mail: grouplife@iciciprulife.com

a) Grievance Redressal Officer: If the Master Policyholder does not receive any resolution or the resolution provided is not satisfactory, the Master Policy holder may get in touch with our designated Grievance Redressal Officer (GRO) at gro@iciciprulife.com or 1860 266 7766.

Address:

ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited, Ground Floor & Upper Basement, Unit No. 1A & 2A, Raheja Tipco Plaza, Rani Sati Marg, Malad (East), Mumbai- 400097 Maharashtra.

For more details please refer to the "Grievance Redressal" section on www.iciciprulife.com.

b) Senior Grievance Redressal Officer: If the Master Policyholder does not receive any resolution or the resolution provided by the GRO is not satisfactory, the Master Policyholder may get in touch with our Senior Grievance Redressal Officer (SGRO) at smgro@iciciprulife.com or 1860 266 7766.

Address: ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Co. Ltd

1089, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai-400025

For more details please refer to the "Grievance Redressal" section on www.iciciprulife.com.

c) Grievance Redressal Committee: In the event that any complaint / grievance addressed to the SGRO is not resolved, the Master Policyholder may escalate the same to the Grievance Redressal Committee at the address mentioned below:

ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited,

Ground Floor & Upper Basement, Unit No. 1A & 2A, Raheja Tipco Plaza, Rani Sati Marg, Malad (East), Mumbai- 400097, Maharashtra.

If you are not satisfied with the response or do not receive a response from us within 15 days, you may approach the Grievance Cell of the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDAI) on the following contact details:

IRDAI Grievance Call Centre (IGCC) TOLL FREE NO: 155255

Email ID: complaints@irda.gov.in

You can also register your complaint online at http://www.igms.irda.gov.in/

Address for communication for complaints by fax/paper:

Consumer Affairs Department

Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India

Sy. No. 115/1, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Gachibowli

Hyderabad –500 032, Telangana.

Phone No: 040 - 20204000

2. Insurance Ombudsman:

The Central Government has established an office of the Insurance Ombudsman for redressal of grievances with respect to life insurance policies. As per Insurance Ombudsman Rules, 2017, the Ombudsman shall receive and consider complaints or disputes relating to:

- a. delay in settlement of claims,
- b. any partial or total repudiation of claims,
- c. disputes over premium paid or payable;
- d. misrepresentation of policy terms and conditions
- e. legal construction of insurance policies in so far as the dispute relates to claim;
- f. policy servicing related grievances against insurers, their agents and intermediaries;
- g. issuance of policy not in conformity with proposal form submitted;
- h. non-issuance of insurance policy after premium receipt; and
- i. any other matter resulting from regulatory violation, related to issues mentioned at clauses a, to f.

Manner in which complaint to be made

- Any person who has a grievance against an insurer, may himself or through his legal heirs, nominee or assignee, make a complaint in writing to the Insurance Ombudsman within whose territorial jurisdiction the branch or office of the insurer complained against or the residential address or place of residence of the complainant is located.
- 2) The complaint shall be in writing, duly signed by the complainant or through his legal heirs, nominee or assignee and shall state clearly the name and address of the complainant, the name of the branch or office of the insurer against whom the complaint is made, the facts giving rise to the complaint, supported by documents, the nature and extent of the loss caused to the complainant and the relief sought from the Insurance Ombudsman.
- 3) No complaint to the Insurance Ombudsman shall lie unless—

- 4) the complainant makes a written representation to the insurer named in the complaint and—
 - (i) either the insurer had rejected the complaint; or
 - (ii) the complainant had not received any reply within a period of one month after the insurer received his representation; or
 - (iii) the complainant is not satisfied with the reply given to him by the insurer;
- 5) The complaint is made within one year—
 - (i) after the order of the insurer rejecting the representation is received; or
 - (ii) after receipt of decision of the insurer which is not to the satisfaction of the complainant;
 - (iii) after expiry of a period of one month from the date of sending the written representation to the insurer if the insurer named fails to furnish reply to the complainant.
- 6) The Ombudsman shall be empowered to condone the delay in such cases as he may consider necessary, after calling for objections of the insurer against the proposed condonation and after recording reasons for condoning the delay and in case the delay is condoned, the date of condonation of delay shall be deemed to be the date of filing of the complaint, for further proceedings under these rules.
- 7) No complaint before the Insurance Ombudsman shall be maintainable on the same subject matter on which proceedings are pending before or disposed of by any court or consumer forum or arbitrator.

We have given below the details of the existing offices of the Insurance Ombudsman. We request You to regularly check our website at www.iciciprulife.com or the website of the IRDAI at www.irdai.gov.in for updated contact details.

Office of the	Address	Contact Details	Areas of Jurisdiction
Ombudsman			
AHMEDABA	Office of the	Tel.:- 079 - 25501201/02/05/06	Gujarat , Dadra & Nagar
D	Insurance		Haveli, Daman and Diu
	Ombudsman,		
	Jeevan Prakash	Email:	
	Building, 6th floor,	<u>bimalokpal.ahmedabad@ecoi.c</u>	
		<u>o.in</u>	
	Tilak Marg, Relief		
	Road,		
	Ahmedabad -380		
	001		
BENGALURU	Office of Insurance	Tel No: 080 - 26652048 /	Karnataka
	Ombudsman,	26652049	
	Jeevan Soudha	Email:	
	Building, PID No. 57-	bimalokpal.bengaluru@ecoi.co.i	
	27-N-19	<u>n</u>	
	Ground Floor, 19/19,		
	24th Main Road,		

Office of the Ombudsman	Address	Contact Details	Areas of Jurisdiction
	JP Nagar, 1st Phase Bengaluru – 560078		
BHOPAL	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Janak Vihar Complex, 2nd Floor 6, Malviya Nagar, Opp Airtel Office Near New Market, Bhopal - 462 003	Tel.:- 0755-2769201, 2769202 Fax: 0755-2769203 Email: bimalokpal.bhopal@ecoi.co.in	Madhya Pradesh & Chhattisgarh
BHUBANESH WAR	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, 62, Forest Park, Bhubaneshwar -751 009	Tel.:- 0674-2596455/2596461 Fax: 0674-2596429 Email: bimalokpal.bhubaneswar@ecoi. co.in	Orissa
CHANDIGAR H	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, S.C.O. No.101, 102 & 103, 2nd Floor Batra Building, Sector 17-D Chandigarh - 160 017	Tel.:- 0172-2706468/2706196 Fax: 0172-2708274 Email: bimalokpal.chandigarh@ecoi.co .in	Punjab , Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir , UT of Chandigarh
CHENNAI	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Fathima Akhtar Court, 4th Floor, 453, Anna Salai, Teynampet, Chennai -600 018	Tel.:- 044-24333668 /24335284 Fax: 044-24333664 Email: bimalokpal.chennai@ecoi.co.in -	Tamil Nadu, UT– Pondicherry Town and Karaikal (which are part of UT of Pondicherry)
DELHI	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, 2/2 A, Universal Insurance Bldg.,	Tel.:- 011-23237532/23239633 Fax: 011-23230858	Delhi

Office of the Ombudsman	Address	Contact Details	Areas of Jurisdiction
- Children and Children	Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi -110 002	Email: bimalokpal.delhi@ecoi.co.in	
ERNAKULAM	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, 2nd Floor, Pulinat Building Opp. Cochin Shipyard, M.G. Road, Ernakulam-682 015	Tel: 0484-2358759/2359338 Fax: 0484-2359336 Email: bimalokpal.ernakulam@ecoi.co.in	Kerala , Lakshadweep , Mahe– a part of Pondicherry
GUWAHATI	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Jeevan Nivesh, 5 th Floor, Near Panbazar Overbridge, S.S. Road, Guwahati -781 001	Tel.:- 0361-2132204/2132205 Fax: 0361-2732937 Email: bimalokpal.guwahati@ecoi.co.in	Assam , Meghalaya, Manipur, Mizoram, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland and Tripura
HYDERABAD	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, 6-2-46, 1st Floor, Moin Court, Lane opp Salem Function Palace A.C. Guards, Lakdi-Ka-Pool, Hyderabad -500 004	Tel: 040-65504123/23312122 Fax: 040-23376599 Email: bimalokpal.hyderabad@ecoi.co.in	Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, UT of Yanam & part of the UT of Pondicherry
JAIPUR	Office of Insurance Ombudsman, Jeevan Nidhi - II, Ground floor Bhawani Singh Road, Ambedkar circle Jaipur - 302005	Tel: 0141-2740363 Email: bimalokpal.jaipur@ecoi.co.in	Rajasthan
KOLKATA	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman,	Tel: 033-22124339/22124340	West Bengal ,Sikkim and Andeman & Nicobar Islands

Office of the	Address	Contact Details	Areas of Jurisdiction
Ombudsman			
	4th Floor, Hindusthan Building Annexe, 4, C.R.Avenue, Kolkatta – 700 072	Fax: 033-22124341 Email: bimalokpal.kolkata@ecoi.co.in	
LUCKNOW	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, 6th Floor, Jeevan Bhawan, Phase II, Nawal Kishore Road, Hazaratganj, Lucknow - 226 001	Tel: 0522 -2231331/2231330 Fax: 0522-2231310 Email: bimalokpal.lucknow@ecoi.co.in	Districts of Uttar Pradesh: Laitpur, Jhansi, Mahoba, Hamirpur, Banda, Chitrakoot, Allahabad, Mirzapur, Sonbhabdra, Fatehpur, Pratapgarh, Jaunpur, Varanasi, Gazipur, Jalaun, Kanpur, Lucknow, Unnao, Sitapur, Lakhimpur, Bahraich, Barabanki, Raebareli, Sravasti, Gonda, Faizabad, Amethi, Kaushambi, Balrampur, Basti, Ambedkarnagar, Sultanpur, Maharajgang, Santkabirnagar, Azamgarh, Kushinagar, Gorkhpur, Deoria, Mau, Ghazipur, Chandauli, Ballia, Sidharathnagar.
MUMBAI	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, 3rd Floor, Jeevan Seva Annexe S.V. Road, Santacruz(W), Mumbai - 400 054	Tel: 022-26106960/26106552 Fax: 022-26106052 Email: bimalokpal.mumbai@ecoi.co.in -	Goa and Mumbai Metropolitan region (excluding Navi Mumbai & Thane)
NOIDA	Office of Insurance Ombudsman, Bhagwan Sahai Palace, 4th Floor,	Tel: 0120-2514250 / 2514251 / 2514253 Email: bimalokpal.noida@ecoi.co.in	State of Uttaranchal and the following Districts of Uttar Pradesh: Agra, Aligarh, Bagpat, Bareilly, Bijnor, Budaun, Bulandshehar, Etah, Kanooj, Mainpuri,

Office of the	Address	Contact Details	Areas of Jurisdiction
Ombudsman			
Cimbadaman	Main Road, Naya Bans, Sector 15 Noida Distt - Gautam Buddh Nagar U.P - 201 301	- - -	Mathura, Meerut, Moradabad, Muzaffarnagar, Oraiyya, Pilibhit, Etawah, Farrukhabad, Firozbad, Gautambodhanagar, Ghaziabad, Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Hapur, Shamli, Rampur, Kashganj, Sambhal, Amroha, Hathras, Kanshiramnagar,
			Saharanpur
PATNA	Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, 1st Floor, Kalpana Arcade Building Bazar Samiti Road Bahadurpur Patna - 800 006	Tel: 0612-2680952 Email: bimalokpal.patna@ecoi.co.in	Bihar, Jharkhand
PUNE	Office of Insurance Ombudsman,	Tel: 020-41312555	State of Maharashtra, Area of Navi Mumbai & Thane(excluding Mumbai Metropolitan region)
	Il Floor, Jeevan Darshan,N C Kelkar Road, C.T.S No 195 to 198, Narayanpeth Pune-411030	Email: bimalokpal.pune@ecoi.co.in -	

Annexure II - Section 38 - Assignment and Transfer of Insurance Policies

Assignment or transfer of a policy should be in accordance with Section 38 of the Insurance Act, 1938 as amended from time to time. The extant provisions in this regard are as follows:

- 1. This policy may be transferred/assigned, wholly or in part, with or without consideration.
- 2. An Assignment may be effected in a policy by an endorsement upon the policy itself or by a separate instrument under notice to the Insurer.
- 3. The instrument of assignment should indicate the fact of transfer or assignment and the reasons for the assignment or transfer, antecedents of the assignee and terms on which assignment is made.
- 4. The assignment must be signed by the transferor or assignor or duly authorized agent and attested by at least one witness.
- 5. The transfer of assignment shall not be operative as against an insurer until a notice in writing of the transfer or assignment and either the said endorsement or instrument itself or copy there of certified to be correct by both transferor and transferee or their duly authorised agents have been delivered to the insurer.
- 6. Fee to be paid for assignment or transfer can be specified by the Authority through Regulations.
- 7. On receipt of notice with fee, the insurer should Grant a written acknowledgement of receipt of notice. Such notice shall be conclusive evidence against the insurer of duly receiving the notice.
- 8. If the insurer maintains one or more places of business, such notices shall be delivered only at the place where the policy is being serviced.
- 9. The insurer may accept or decline to act upon any transfer or assignment or endorsement, if it has sufficient reasons to believe that it is
 - a. not bonafide or
 - b. not in the interest of the policyholder or
 - c. not in public interest or
 - d. is for the purpose of trading of the insurance policy.
- 10. Before refusing to act upon endorsement, the Insurer should record the reasons in writing and communicate the same in writing to Policyholder within 30 days from the date of policyholder giving a notice of transfer or assignment.
- 11. In case of refusal to act upon the endorsement by the Insurer, any person aggrieved by the refusal may prefer a claim to IRDAI within 30 days of receipt of the refusal letter from the Insurer.
- 12. The priority of claims of persons interested in an insurance policy would depend on the date on which the notices of assignment or transfer is delivered to the insurer; where there are more than one instruments of transfer or assignment, the

priority will depend on dates of delivery of such notices. Any dispute in this regard as to priority should be referred to Authority.

- 13. Every assignment or transfer shall be deemed to be absolute assignment or transfer and the assignee or transferee shall be deemed to be absolute assignee or transferee, except
 - a. where assignment or transfer is subject to terms and conditions of transfer or assignment OR
 - b. where the transfer or assignment is made upon condition that
 - the proceeds under the policy shall become payable to policyholder or nominee(s) in the event of assignee or transferee dying before the insured OR
 - i. the insured surviving the term of the policy

Such conditional assignee will not be entitled to obtain a loan on policy or surrender the policy. This provision will prevail notwithstanding any law or custom having force of law which is contrary to the above position.

- 14. In other cases, the insurer shall, subject to terms and conditions of assignment, recognize the transferee or assignee named in the notice as the absolute transferee or assignee and such person
 - a. shall be subject to all liabilities and equities to which the transferor or assignor was subject to at the date of transfer or assignment and
 - b. may institute any proceedings in relation to the policy
 - c. obtain loan under the policy or surrender the policy without obtaining the consent of the transferor or assignor or making him a party to the proceedings.

Disclaimer: This is a simplified version of Section 38 of the Insurance Act, 1938 as amended from time to time. The policyholders are advised to refer to the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time for complete and accurate details.

Annexure III – Section 39 – Nomination by policyholder

Nomination of a life insurance Policy is as below in accordance with Section 39 of the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time. The extant provisions in this regard are as follows:

- 1. The policyholder of a life insurance on his own life may nominate a person or persons to whom money secured by the policy shall be paid in the event of his death.
- 2. Where the nominee is a minor, the policyholder may appoint any person to receive the money secured by the policy in the event of policyholder's death during the minority of the nominee. The manner of appointment to be laid down by the insurer.
- 3. Nomination can be made at any time before the maturity of the policy.
- 4. Nomination may be incorporated in the text of the policy itself or may be endorsed on the policy communicated to the insurer and can be registered by the insurer in the records relating to the policy.
- 5. Nomination can be cancelled or changed at any time before policy matures, by an endorsement or a further endorsement or a will as the case may be.
- 6. A notice in writing of Change or Cancellation of nomination must be delivered to the insurer for the insurer to be liable to such nominee. Otherwise, insurer will not be liable if a bonafide payment is made to the person named in the text of the policy or in the registered records of the insurer.
- 7. Fee to be paid to the insurer for registering change or cancellation of a nomination can be specified by the Authority through Regulations.
- 8. On receipt of notice with fee, the insurer should grant a written acknowledgement to the policyholder of having registered a nomination or cancellation or change thereof.
- 9. A transfer or assignment made in accordance with Section 38 shall automatically cancel the nomination except in case of assignment to the insurer or other transferee or assignee for purpose of loan or against security or its reassignment after repayment. In such case, the nomination will not get cancelled to the extent of insurer's or transferee's or assignee's interest in the policy. The nomination will get revived on repayment of the loan.
- 10. The right of any creditor to be paid out of the proceeds of any policy of life insurance shall not be affected by the nomination.
- 11. In case of nomination by policyholder whose life is insured, if the nominees die before the policyholder, the proceeds are payable to policyholder or his heirs or legal representatives or holder of succession certificate.
- 12. In case nominee(s) survive the person whose life is insured, the amount secured by the policy shall be paid to such survivor(s).

- 13. Where the policyholder whose life is insured nominates his
 - a. parents or
 - b. spouse or
 - c. children or
 - d. spouse and children
 - e. or any of them

the nominees are beneficially entitled to the amount payable by the insurer to the policyholder unless it is proved that policyholder could not have conferred such beneficial title on the nominee having regard to the nature of his title.

- 14. If nominee(s) die after the policyholder but before his share of the amount secured under the policy is paid, the share of the expired nominee(s) shall be payable to the heirs or legal representative of the nominee or holder of succession certificate of such nominee(s).
- 15. If policyholder dies after maturity but the proceeds and benefit of the policy has not been paid to him because of his death, his nominee(s) shall be entitled to the proceeds and benefit of the policy.
- 16. The provisions of Section 39 are not applicable to any life insurance policy to which Section 6 of Married Women's Property Act, 1874 applies or has at any time applied. Where nomination is intended to be made to spouse or children or spouse and children under Section 6 of MWP Act, it should be specifically mentioned on the policy. In such a case only, the provisions of Section 39 will not apply.

Disclaimer: This is a simplified version of Section 39 of the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time. The policyholders are advised to refer to The Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time for complete and accurate details.

<u>Annexure IV – Section 45 – Policy shall not be called in question on the ground of</u> mis-statement after three years

Provisions regarding policy not being called into question in terms of Section 45 of the Insurance Act, 1938, as amended from time to time are as follows:

- 1. No Policy of Life Insurance shall be called in question on any ground whatsoever after expiry of 3 yrs from
 - a) the date of issuance of policy or
 - b) the date of commencement of risk or
 - c) the date of revival of policy or
 - d) the date of rider to the policy whichever is later.
- 2. On the ground of fraud, a policy of Life Insurance may be called in question within 3 years from
 - a) the date of issuance of policy or
 - b) the date of commencement of risk or
 - c) the date of revival of policy or
 - d) the date of rider to the policy

whichever is later.

For this, the insurer should communicate in writing to the insured or legal representative or nominee or assignees of insured, as applicable, mentioning the ground and materials on which such decision is based.

- 3. Fraud means any of the following acts committed by insured or by his agent, with the intent to deceive the insurer or to induce the insurer to issue a life insurance policy:
 - a) The suggestion, as a fact of that which is not true and which the insured does not believe to be true;
 - b) The active concealment of a fact by the insured having knowledge or belief of the fact:
 - c) Any other act fitted to deceive; and
 - d) Any such act or omission as the law specifically declares to be fraudulent.
- 4. Mere silence is not fraud unless, depending on circumstances of the case, it is the duty of the insured or his agent keeping silence to speak or silence is in itself equivalent to speak.
- 5. No Insurer shall repudiate a life insurance Policy on the ground of Fraud, if the Insured / beneficiary can prove that the misstatement was true to the best of his knowledge and there was no deliberate intention to suppress the fact or that such mis-statement of or suppression of material fact are within the knowledge of the insurer. Onus of disproving is upon the policyholder, if alive, or beneficiaries.
- 6. Life insurance Policy can be called in question within 3 years on the ground that any statement of or suppression of a fact material to expectancy of life of the

insured was incorrectly made in the proposal or other document basis which policy was issued or revived or rider issued. For this, the insurer should communicate in writing to the insured or legal representative or nominee or assignees of insured, as applicable, mentioning the ground and materials on which decision to repudiate the policy of life insurance is based.

- 7. In case repudiation is on ground of mis-statement and not on fraud, the premium collected on policy till the date of repudiation shall be paid to the insured or legal representative or nominee or assignees of insured, within a period of 90 days from the date of repudiation.
- 8. Fact shall not be considered material unless it has a direct bearing on the risk undertaken by the insurer. The onus is on insurer to show that if the insurer had been aware of the said fact, no life insurance policy would have been issued to the insured.
- 9. The insurer can call for proof of age at any time if he is entitled to do so and no policy shall be deemed to be called in question merely because the terms of the policy are adjusted on subsequent proof of age of Member. So, this Section will not be applicable for questioning age or adjustment based on proof of age submitted subsequently.